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PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

The Pittsburgh Gazette

GOVERNOR GEARY yesterday issued a proclamation designating Thursday, 28th November, as Thanksgiving Day.

SALE OF PITTSBURGH AND STEUBENVILLE RAILROAD.

Under a decree of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, Mr. Thomas M'Elrath, Trustee of the mortgage, will sell the entire property of the Pittsburgh and Steubenville Railroad Company, to the highest bidder, at the Court House, in this city, on the 6th instant, default having been made in payments as provided in that instrument.

EDITORIAL GLEANINGS.

THERE is scarcely a city in the Union that within the last six months has not had at least one fiendish outrage committed upon some of its female residents. The punishment for this crime is terribly insufficient, and has proved to be totally inadequate. The crime is the worst in the calendar, and entails more mental agony and more lasting stigma than any other. Murder is mercy compared to it, and hanging is too good for the criminals. Every day the number of instances increases, and the punishment for it should at once be made severe enough to check as much as possible the horrible onward tide.

JUST as the excitement over the Nicolson pavement contest in the City of Brotherly Love was calming down, it has been resuscitated. North Broad street fought for months, and at last laid a mile of the Nicolson, with which they were all enraptured. South Broad street wrangled, too, but vetoed the Nicolson, and are putting down the concrete pavement. And now the controversy is between the partisans of the two sorts. We have had enough trouble with the Nicolson question alone, here, and don't want to touch pitch pavements for fear of being defiled.

SINGLETON A. MERCER, Esq., died recently in Paris. He was one of the most prominent merchants of Philadelphia, was formerly senior partner of the Tobacco house of Mercer Bros. & Co., and for the last twenty years has been President of the old Farmers and Mechanics Bank. During the war he was Treasurer of the Citizens' Bounty Fund. Last year his health failed him and he went to Europe to recuperate, but found only a grave.

THE total loss at the great fire on Broadway, New York, on Wednesday morning, was $250,000, and the total amount of insurance was $368,000, which was divided among a large list of companies. The Royal, Liverpool, and London, of England, the Pacific, of San Francisco, North American, of Philadelphia, Western, of Buffalo, and the Albany City were the heaviest sufferers.

THE stave mill and dwelling house of John Strong, situated at Huron station, on the Detroit and Toledo railroad, was destroyed by fire on Thursday, and also over one million staves. An equal number of staves was saved. The loss is estimated at thirty thousand dollars, and he has but five thousand dollars insurance.

A MAN was arrested on a charge of bigamy in Chicago, on Wednesday, against whom it was proved that he had married two women and deserted them both. They were of a forgiving spirit, however, and did not want to prosecute him, they only both wanted him for a husband.

THE celebrated Mickley collection of coins was sold in New York recently, and brought very good prices. The American dollar of 1804 brought $1,000, and several others brought equally fancy prices. It was considered one of the finest numismatical collections in the country.

GEO. H. PENDLETON, who was announced to lecture in Detroit, Chicago, Milwaukee etc., declines now to lecture at all, stating that he has higher and more pressing engagements. Haman once had a high and pressing engagement which about finished him.

AN EXHIBITION of flying machines is to take place in England next spring. No mention is as yet made of the department reserved for perpetual motion machines, but of course such a reservation will be made.

THE New York *Evening Gazette* says of an exceedingly vain clergyman in that city, that he is waiting for a vacancy in the Trinity.

G. A. SALA is going to imitate Sir Walter Scott by paying his debts with his novels. This is rather hard on the reading public.

A NEW YORK exchange complains of the European mails. Our housekeepers complain as loudly of the European females.

A NEW magazine is to appear shortly in Washington. It will belong to the Government, and will be built of brick

FRITZ REUTER is the most popular German novelist of the day. He writes only in the *Mecklinburg Patois*.

TEMPLE BAR calls Thackeray a contradictory writer. Pity we couldn't have a few more contradictions.

NINE HOUR plays are common in the Lisbon theatres. The eight hour system would be a decided improvement.

PROF. GOLDWIN SMITH'S father has committed suicide, leaving the Professor a comfortable income.

THERE is to be a contest for the championship of the snorers in England, for $500 a side.

THE New York *Evening Gazette* speaks of Don Quixotte as a distinguished author.

A FIFTY years old elm tree has been transplanted in Chicago and is flourishing.

BULWER is collecting his miscellaneous writings for publication.

THE California crop of earthquakes has been light this season.

THE cholera still rages at the Philadelphia Navy Yard.

A GHOST is terrifying part of Philadelphia.

VIRGINIA ELECTION.

The Official Vote—New Census of Richmond.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

RICHMOND, Nov. 1.—The official vote of the State is as follows: Whites, 75,924; colored, 93,656; for Convention, 14,835 whites, 92,507 colored; against Convention, 61,249 whites, 6,357 colored.

General Schofield, in view of the complaint of frauds, is about to order a new census of the voting population of Richmond.

Weston, the Pedestrian.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

DEDHAM, Mass., Nov. 1.—Weston, the pedestrian, left the Phenix House, in Dedham, at nineteen minutes before one o'clock to-day, beginning one hundred miles here which he proposes to accomplish in twenty-four hours.

PROVIDENCE, Nov. 1.—Weston, the pedestrian, reached this city at about 15 minutes before 9 o'clock this evening. The crowd was so great that the police had to open a passage for him through the streets. He stopped at the City Hotel 15 minutes and then proceeded. In response to the cheers of the crowd, he said he had walked thirty-two of the hundred miles to be done in twenty-four hours, and was eighteen minutes ahead of time. He was in excellent spirits.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

THE ITALIAN REVOLUTION.

The Situation at Rome.

ENTREE OF FRENCH TROOPS.

Received in Profound Silence.

GARIBALDI STILL ON THE OUTSKIRTS.

Preparations of the Papal Troops to Attack Him.

ENTRY OF FRENCH TROOPS DENIED.

Garibaldi Does not Reply to the Demand to Disarm.

PRUSSIA WILL INTERFERE TO PRESERVE PEACE IF NECESSARY.

Fenian Excitement in Dublin.

FENIAN TRIALS IN MANCHESTER.

Five Prisoners Convicted of Murder

DEATH SENTENCE PRONOUNCED.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ITALY.

FRENCH TROOPS IN ROME—GARIBALDI ON THE OUTSKIRTS—PAPAL TROOPS PREPARING TO ATTACK.

LONDON, Nov. 1.—Telegraphic dispatches from Florence, giving the situation of affairs at Rome, are just received here.

The French troops which debarked at Civita Vecchia, a few days since, have arrived at the Holy City. There were no demonstrations whatever. The city was perfectly quiet, and the French were received with profound silence.

Garibaldi, whose force is constantly increasing, still holds his position on the outskirts of Rome. The Papal forces were to move out of their entrenchments and attack him to-day.

NATIONAL PARTY BUREAU CLOSED BY THE POLICE.

FLORENCE, November 1.—The police have taken possession of and closed the Bureau of the National party and head quarters of the Relief Committees in this city and elsewhere, by order of the Italian Government.

CONTRADICTORY REPORT—FRENCH TROOPS NOT IN ROME.

FLORENCE, Nov. 1—*Evening.*—The *Nazione* this morning denies the truth of the report that the French troops have arrived in Rome. The Italian army, which has entered the Papal States, is under the command of Gen. Cialdini.

NO REPLY FROM GARIBALDI.

Garibaldi has retired to Monte Rotundo. He has made no reply to the summons of the Italian Government to disarm his volunteers.

GARIBALDI AT MONTE ROTUNDO.

FLORENCE, Nov. 1—*Evening.*—At last accounts from the South Garibaldi remained at Monte Rotundo, with a force estimated at five thousand strong.

FRANCE.

FRANCIS JOSEPH WILL NOT VISIT KING WILLIAM.

PARIS, Nov. 1—*Evening.*—The statement that the Emperor Francis Joseph is to visit King William, of Prussia, at Berlin, is contradicted.

NAPOLEON DEMANDS AN EXPLANATION.

The *Moniteur* to-day says the Emperor Napoleon has demanded of King Victor Emanuel an explanation of the invasion of the Roman territory by the Italian forces.

ENGLAND.

LORD ROSSE, ASTRONOMER, DEAD.

LONDON, November 1.—Lord William Rosse, the celebrated astronomer, died yesterday, in the 67th year of his age.

FENIANS CONVICTED OF MURDER AND THE DEATH SENTENCE PRONOUNCED.

MANCHESTER, November 1.—The trial of Allen and four other prisoners was concluded to-day before the Special Commission. They were all convicted of murder and have received sentences of death. The cases of the rest of the accused will be tried on Monday, to which day the Court has adjourned. The proceedings have caused extraordinary interest here.

IRELAND.

REWARD FOR THE APPREHENSION OF THE POLICE MURDERERS.

DUBLIN, Nov. 1.—Great excitement has been created here by the wanton shooting of the two policemen on Wednesday night. A proclamation has been issued by the Government, offering a reward of one thousand pounds for the arrest of the assassins. The police in this city and throughout Ireland are searching for the murderers. Two suspected persons have already been apprehended, and are now in custody awaiting examination.

TRIAL OF GEN. WARREN.

DUBLIN, November 1.—*Evening.*—The trial of General Warren is now progressing before the Commission.

SOUTH AMERICAN WAR.

REPORTED SUBSTANTIAL SUCCESS OF THE BRAZILIAN TROOPS.

LONDON, November 1.—As the last mail steamer was leaving Rio Janiero, a report reached that city that the Brazilian troops had captured the town of Pilar, (called by the natives Neembuc,) the chief port of Paraguay. It was also reported that many prisoners and a great quantity of military stores had fallen into their hands.

PRUSSIA.

THE ROMAN QUESTION.

BERLIN, November 1.—The *Provincial Correspondent*, a journal of a semi-official character, says Prussia will interfere in the Roman difficulty, should such action on her part be necessary to preserve the peace of Europe.

RUSSIA.

MARRIAGE OF THE KING OF GREECE.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 1.—The marriage of King George of Greece and the Princess Olga took place to-day with great pomp and ceremony.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, Nov. 1.—*Evening.*—Consols, 94 7-16; Five-Twenty bonds, 70; Illinois Central, 89¼; Erie, 47¼.

FRANKFORT, Nov. 1.—*Evening.*—Five-Twenties, 75⅞.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 1.—*Evening.*—Cotton unchanged. Advices from Manchester prove unfavorable. Breadstuffs dull. Peas declined to 43s. California Wheat declined 3d; quoted at 15s 9d. Western mixed Corn advanced to 49s 9d on spot, and to arrive, 47s 6d. Oats and Barley without change. Provisions—Lard declined to 52s 6d; other articles unchanged. Produce Market.—No change since noon.

LONDON, Nov. 1.—*Evening.*—Markets unchanged.

LONDON, Nov. 1—*Evening.*—The holiday has been generally observed here and on the Continent. Little business has been transacted in this city or in Liverpool, and the markets all closed early. The commercial dispatches sent from London and Liverpool at two o'clock P. M. contain the closing quotations to-day.

Mayor Tomo.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, November 1.—Falling steadily with 17 inches in the canal by mark. Weather warm.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

—Oliver Wendell Holmes has arrived at Montreal, Canada, to take steps to secure a copyright for his works.

—Governor Harriman, of New Hampshire, has issued a proclamation appointing November 28th as Thanksgiving day.

—Gen. Pope has ordered the State Alabama Constitutional Convention to assemble at Montgomery on the 5th of November.

—The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has decided that the deposit tickets, or rather advice tickets, used in sales of gold to notify the New York Gold Exchange Bank to make transfer from one party to another in its books, are not subject to stamp tax as checks or contracts.

—Hon. James S. Wilson, Chairman of the Judiciary Committee, has arrived in Washington, and authorizes a contradiction of the report that he had changed his opinion on the impeachment question. Senator Drake, of Missouri, has also arrived. He is strongly in favor of impeachment.

—With regard to the extension of time for the election in Georgia by General Pope, it should be stated that there has been but one polling place in each county, except in the incorporated cities. As some of the counties are very large, and the voting by registration is a novel and slow proceeding for the blacks, the additional time has been found necessary.

—Orders have been issued by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue for the removal of a number of Inspectors of Internal Revenue in New York city and Brooklyn. These removals were made on account of the Department having received information of corruption and fraud having been practiced on the Government by those removed.

—Collector Shook, of the 32d District, New York, reports that on Thursday $240,000 were collected at his office, the greatest amount ever known to be collected in one district on any particular day. One gentleman paid in his check for $93,000, probably the greatest amount ever paid by any one tax payer.

—The internal Revenue Bureau is advised that ticemetres, which all distillers are required to annex as early as practicable, are being manufactured at the rate of eight per week. They will soon be supplied at fifty per week. All the principal distilleries in New York have suspended for the present, principally on account of the regulation requiring these meters and certain seizures there by the Government.

—There were five yellow fever interments at Mobile, yesterday.

CENTRAL AMERICA

[By Telegraph the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, November 1.—Panama letters of October 23d say that Senor Murrillo, the Colombian Commissioner, who arrived in New York by Aspinwall steamer, is said to be engaged on a special mission connected with the privateer Cuyler, and not as Minister to Washington, as heretofore announced. The Colombian man-of-war Colombia was to have conveyed him, but the commander being an unpardoned rebel, it was thought best not to send her.

LIMA, October 12.—The Arigupa revolt assumes such formidable proportions that President Prado has taken command of the army in the field. Another split has occurred between the Executive and Congress. The latter refused to grant the President extraordinary powers for the quelling of the rebellion, and he arrested one of the members. No quorum could be convened afterwards. Prado had it all his own way.

Gutierrez has declined the Presidency, on the ground that he is a candidate for the office during the next term, and would be ineligible for the second term if he acted now. Acosta, therefore, remains acting President.

Mosquera's case has been closed. He will probably be banished. Acosta is doubtful of getting him out of the country without a collision with his adherents. The act of the former Legislature, granting Mosquera $12,000 a year for past service, has been ratified by the Supreme Court which banishes him.

NEW YORK.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 1, 1867.

GEN. SHERIDAN.

Gen. Sheridan arrived yesterday and remains some time.

FERRY BOAT SUNK.

The Jersey City ferry boat, John S. Darey, was sunk yesterday by a collision with another steamer. All on board were rescued.

HOTEL BURNED.

The Rutherford Park Hotel, on the banks of the Passaic River, near Burning Spring, N. J., was destroyed by fire last night. Loss $75,000; small insurance.

MISSIONARIES GONE.

Several missionaries sailed for Japan and China via California to-day.

AMERICAN MISSION TO THE POPE.

The *Express* has a special stating that Secretary Seward has sent Rev. Mr. Hawley, of Auburn, to Rome on a secret mission, the object of which is to offer the Pope an asylum in this country. Hopes are entertained that the mission will be successful.

REGISTRATION.

The official returns show that 61,808 voters were registered in this city to-day. Total number registered to date, 106,230. Total registration last year, 102,142. Registration closes to-morrow evening.

ARIZONA.

Continued Indian Outrages—Murdering Whites and Driving Off Stock in all Directions.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 1.—Arizona advices are to Oct. 18th. Governor McCormick's action in signing the bill for the removal of the Capitol to Tuscan is severely criticised.

The Indians attacked the stage near Sadaluki, October 17th, and killed Dr. E. M. Shaw, U. S. Army. The next night they surrounded Mail Springs station, but were compelled to decamp by the arrival of troops.

Valentine, formerly partner in the Vulture Company, was killed by Indians near Tuscan. He succeeded in killing four Indians before receiving his death wound.

The Indians are murdering the whites in every direction, driving off stock and destroying improvements.

NEW ORLEANS.

Yellow Fever Interments—Another "Impediment" Removed.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, November 1.—There were nine interments from yellow fever during the twenty-four hours ending this morning.

Special Order 196, dated to day, from the headquarters of the Fifth Military District, removes Gen. Harvey J. Hayes from the office of Sheriff of the parish of Orleans, for being an "impediment" to the reconstruction of Louisiana under the laws of Congress, and appoints Culbert Bullett in his place.

VERMONT.

Legislative Action on the Death of Ex-Governor Andrew.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MONTPELIER, Vt., November 1.—The following resolution was adopted by the Vermont Legislature to-day:

Resolved, By the Senate and House of Representatives, that we learn with profound sorrow of the death of the wise statesman and devoted patriot, late Gov. Andrew, of Mass., and while we surrender his body tenderly to his open grave we cherish his memory as a national heritage.

BOSTON.

Funeral of Ex-Gov. Andrew—Remains to be Interred at Mt. Auburn.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BOSTON, November 1.—The funeral of the late Governor Andrew takes place to-morrow, in Arlington Street Church, and will be attended by the State and Municipal officials, members of the Legislature, Judges, members of the bar, officers of the army, navy and volunteer service. A corps of Independent Cadets will act as an escort. The remains will be conveyed to Mount Auburn.

Discharge of Arsenal Workmen.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SPRINGFIELD, Massachusetts, Nov. 1.—The discharge of workmen at the United States Armory, in this city, still continues, and a great portion of the works are idle. Thirty-five men were dismissed yesterday, and the whole number employed is reduced to about five hundred.

SECOND EDITION.

THREE O'CLOCK A. M.

WASHINGTON.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1, 1867.

ORDER FROM CHINA FOR SPECIMENS OF FRACTIONAL CURRENCY.

The Adams Express Agent for the United States Treasury Department today received orders from China for a supply of specimen samples of fractional currency sheets. They will be sent to the Chinese Government at once. This is the second order from a foreign country for these specimens within three months.

THE CONFISCATION QUESTION.

In the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, to-day, Mr. Merrick, in behalf of the defendants in the case of the United States versus Cornelius Boyle and H. Tyler, the suit having been brought to recover confiscated property, submitted a motion to amend the writs of error by striking out the opinion of Chief Justice Chase and inserting that of Chief Justice Carter. The Court denied the motion and overruled the writs. The object of the writs was to carry the case from the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia to the District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia. The cases will now be taken directly to the Supreme Court of the United States. It is probable, however, they may be disposed of in another form before action can be taken by this Court, as recently the original owners, who lost their property by participating in the rebellion, have entered suits of ejectment against the purchasers at the confiscation sales, which have matured and are now ready for trial.

DEMOCRATIC ADDRESS.

The National Democratic Executive Committee have issued an address concerning the November election. The address appeals to reason and judgment, and says: "He who refuses to back the call is unworthy of his share in the rich heritage of American freemen." It is signed by Thos. B. Florence, Samuel J. Randall, Charles Mason, of Ohio, Cornelius Wendell, and others.

GONE AFTER PIRATES.

The United States steamer Maumee, Lieutenant Commander W. B. Cushing, sailed last evening for the China squadron. Her special business is to look after the pirates infesting the China seas. Being a light draught screw steamer, it is thought she will be peculiarly adapted to the pursuit of piratical craft up the shallow rivers, where they are in the habit of taking refuge when pursued by men of war.

CABINET MEETING.

There was a full meeting of the Cabinet to-day, lasting nearly three hours. The reports of the Heads of Departments were the chief subjects under consideration. It is understood that the President's Message was talked over.

INDIANAPOLIS ARSENAL.

There have recently been shipped nearly a hundred gun carriages and mortar wagons, as also ordnance stores, to the Indianapolis Arsenal.

LEAVE TO GO HOME AND VOTE.

General Grant has issued an order granting a week's leave of absence to all clerks connected with the War Department who wish to go home to vote.

CUSTOMS RECEIPTS.

The receipts of customs for the week ending October 26th were $2,307,283.

DELAWARE.

Civil Rights Bill Declared Inoperative and Void.

[By Telegraph to Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WILMINGTON, Nov. 1.—In the Court of General Sessions of Delaware, at Dover, yesterday, in the case of the State against Moses Rash, it being proposed by the prosecuting officer to present the evidence of the complainant, Samuel Dewey, a colored man, objection was made by Mr. Conegs, counsel for the defense, that the laws of Delaware do not permit colored testimony when there are competent white witnesses. Chief Justice Gilpine ruled that the testimony be admitted, because he said it had been customary in his court to permit prosecuting witnesses to testify, even though they were colored; but he give as his opinion from the bench, upon a point which could as well be settled now as at any other time, that the Civil Rights Bill of Congress, so far as it assumes to regulate a contract, admission or rejection of testimony, in this State, which was regulated by the laws of the State, was inoperative and void. Judge Woolen concurred in the decision and Judge Wales dissented. In case of a decision to this effect, by the Court, an appeal to the Court above would doubtless be sustained.

INDIANA.

Mob Law—Two Prisoners Taken from Jail and Hung—Another Execution According to Law

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., November 1.—John Patterson and a man named Hatchell, in jail at Franklin, Ind., the former accused of the murder of David Lyons, at Greenwood, Ind., and the latter supposed to be an accomplice of Patterson, and also accused of committing a murder in Kentucky, were forcibly taken from jail last night by a mob and conveyed to Schofield's Woods, near the town, and hung. Hatchell nearly succeeded in making his escape while on the way to the place of execution, but was fired on and captured. At the first attempt to hang Hatchell the rope broke. Another was secured and the deed completed.

Journal's correspondent says an inquest is being held at the Court House to-day, but that there is but little excitement in consequence of the affair.

Milton White, the murderer of Hoppas, at Anderson, Indiana, in June last, was executed to-day at two o'clock, in answer to the Sheriff, as to whether he had anything to say before the execution, he replied, "nothing."

ST. LOUIS.

Lutheran Celebration of the Reformation—Fire at St. Joseph—Lecture by Mr Sumner.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, November 1.—The three hundred and fifteenth jubilee of the Reformation was celebrated here to-day by the various churches, schools and organizations of the Lutherans. An immense procession, estimated to have contained 10,000 persons, including children, with banners and music, marched through some of the principal streets to Concordia Park, where speeches appropriate to the occasion were delivered by several prominent Lutherans.

The livery stable of Mr. McAleers, two tenement houses of John Angel, and millinery store and residence of Mrs. Holman, in St. Joseph, were burned last night. Twenty horses, some of them quite valuable, perished in the stable. Loss not ascertained. McAleers is insured for $2,500 in the Home, New York, and Mrs. Holman $2,000 in the State Fire of Ohio, and $2,000 in the Sangamo, Springfield, Illinois.

Hon. Thos. Sumner lectured here to-night to a large audience.

HAVANA.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HAVANA, Oct. 31.—*Via Key West.*—Two hundred and eighty defaulters resist the payment of their taxes at Matanzas and the tax gatherers have resigned.

The taking of the census of slaves in Havana has been suspended, there not being a sufficient number of clerks employed to carry it on.

The Free Masons have subscribed $2,000 for the family of Morales.

There were no cases of yellow fever.

GEORGIA ELECTION.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

AUGUSTA, November 1.—The Conservative papers denounce General Pope's extension of the time of voting as illegal and contrary to the law.

Homicide Trial Concluded.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

KINGSTON, Nov. 1.—The trial of the Driscoll murderers terminated to-day. Sophie Allen was sentenced to be hanged on the 11th of December. Her accomplices, Gemmel, Howard and Whalen, were respectively sentenced to ten, nine and five years in the penitentiary.

Church of England Bishop Dead.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

TORONTO, Nov. 1.—Honorable and Right Reverend John Strachan, Bishop of the Church of England, died this morning, aged 89.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

(ADDITIONAL LOCAL ON FOURTH PAGE.)

Fatal Accident.

A fatal accident occurred on the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad about twelve o'clock Wednesday night, near Layton Station, beyond West Newton. The through freight train west was going up a heavy grade, at the point mentioned, when the coupling of the cars gave way, and the rear portion of the train started back down the grade. John Wolford was brakeman on the hind car, and in trying to stop the train the brake bar gave way and fell upon the rail, throwing the car off the track. Wolford attempted to save himself by jumping from the car, which was at that time passing through a cut. He endeavored to catch a projecting rock, but failing in his attempt, was thrown back against the car with such force as to cause his death in a few hours afterwards. He was picked up and conveyed to West Newton, and medical aid summoned, but their efforts were unavailing, as he expired shortly after he arrived there. The deceased was about twenty-five years of age, and was young man of estimable character.

The Fires of the Month and Year.

During the month of October there were seven alarms of fire; one hundred and thirty-two blows were struck on the central bell sounding alarms, and two hundred and forty-eight blows were struck sounding the hour according to Reed's time. The total loss for the month was $8,180, and the amount of insurance $4,100.

During the year which closed with October there were 115 alarms; 2,977 blows were struck on the big bell, sounding alarms, and 1,982 blows were struck sounding the hour. Besides these 250 blows were struck in tolling for the funeral of Samuel Shirley, a well known member of the Duquesne Fire Company, who was killed while going to a fire. The total loss for the year was $237,366; and the total insurance $108,828. The largest fire of the year was that of Messrs. Gillespie & Mitchell, in the Ninth ward, on the 18th of June. The largest amount of insurance lost was that on the steamboats Dick Fulton and Dolphin, burned April 11th. The causes of fires have, of course, been various. Seventeen conflagrations were the work of incendiaries, eight were caused by the explosion of lamps, eighteen caught from defective flues, nineteen were set by sparks, two were caused by gas explosions, and five caught from furnaces. At the fire on the corner of Webster and Seventh streets, on January 20th, a young man, named James Young, was burned to death. During the year twelve horses were burned to death.

Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—Mr. Chanfrau, the inimitable commedian, is still drawing large audiences at the Opera House, and will doubtless continue to do so during his stay with us, which, we regret to say, will end to-night. He appeared last night in "Solon Shingle," the "Widow's Victim" and "Toodles," in all of which he excels. His imitations in the "Widow's Victim" were excellent, and he evinced in them a versatility of talent seldom found in any man. This afternoon and evening will be the last opportunity afforded our citizens of seeing him, and no one, who has not already enjoyed that pleasure, should let it pass unimproved.

VARIETIES THEATRE.—There is no abatement in the energy and enterprise of the Managers of the Varieties, which is manifested in the opening of the establishment, but on the contrary it appears to be on the increase. The patrons of the institution are always sure of a rich treat. Novelty after novelty is presented to the admiring hundreds who nightly throng the place, and each succeeding night something more novel appears.

THE CIRCUS.—Dan Rice's great show on the Red Lion Lot is attended by thousands. The canvass is filled to its utmost capacity at every exhibition. This afternoon and evening will be the last opportunities of attending it, as to-night's performance closes the season, at which time Dan will deliver his farewell address.

Collision.

While car No. 27 of the Manchester line was descending the sharp grade at South Common, yesterday, two wagons were ascending on the same track. The track was so wet and slippery that the brakes, although worked vigorously, made but little impression. The conductor with a broom was doing his best to *scotch* the wheels, and the driver was whistling the alarm. The forward team succeeded in clearing the track, but the other had not managed his team so promptly, and a collision ensued. No damage was done to the horses or driver, but the countryman's wagon was upset, the hind axle-tree and coupling pole broken, and the load of produce, with the driver, thrown out. From the statements made to us on the spot, just after the casualty, we incline to the opinion that the countryman was culpably tardy in getting off the track, and that the driver and conductor on the car did their utmost to avert the accident. Nevertheless, we understand that the owner of the broken wagon commenced legal proceedings for redress.

City Mortality.

Dr. A. G. McCandless, Physician to the Board of Health, reports the following interments, with the causes of death, from October 20th to October 27th, 1867:

The causes of death were: Dropsy, 1; Disease of Brain, 3; Typhoid Fever, 1; Killed by a Blow, 1; Tetanus, 1; Accident, 1; Small Pox, 2; Nervous Fever, 1; Convulsions, 1; Marasmus, 1; Diarrhea, 1; Croup, 1; Disease of Lungs, 1; Erysipelas, 1; Laryngitis, 1; Consumption 1.

Of the above there were: Under one year, 3; from one to two, 3; from two to five, 2; from twenty to thirty, 3; from thirty to forty, 2; from forty to fifty, 4; from sixty to seventy, 3.

Of these there were: Males, 14; Females, 5. White, 19; Colored none. Total, 19.

Railroad Men in Town.

There are a number of leading railroad men in this city, at present, representatives of the various railroads running into Pittsburgh. The object which brings them here is the approaching sale of the Pittsburgh and Steubenville Railroad, which will be sold at trustee's sale, on the sixth inst. The Pennsylvania Railroad Company hold $4,000,000 of the first mortgage bonds of the road, and it is most probable that it will pass into their hands. We are informed, however, that there will be other bidders, but we do not know who they are. The former company, we understand, are not anxious to purchase, but desire to have their claim secured by the sale.

Pittsburgh Monthly Magazine.—We are in receipt of the current number of the "Pittsburgh Quarterly Magazine," published by W. G. Lawyer, No. 75 Third street. It is a publication in which all Pittsburghers should take much pride, as it is editorially conducted with ability and strength. Its original wit and humor columns abound in good hits and clever anecdotes, while its selections show equally good literary taste and judgment. As an advertising medium the "Quarterly Magazine" presents very fair claims to the business community, having an extended circulation in our own and contiguous States. We are glad to know that the enterprise has thus far proven a decided success, and wish its publisher a continuance of the generous encouragement thus far received.

The Champions Defeated.—An interesting game of base ball was played yesterday between the Allegheny and Enterprise Clubs, of Allegheny city, on the grounds of the former, which resulted in the defeat of the champions, by a score of 40 to 16. Eight innings were played and eighteen of the twenty-four hands lost by the Enterprise were put out at the first base, which was commanded by H. Nichols.

Interesting Lecture. — To-morrow, (Sunday) evening, at 7½ o'clock, Bishop Domenec will deliver a free lecture in the Cathedral, in which he will relate all matters of interest connected with his late visit to Rome. During the evening a collection will be taken up for the benefit of the orphan children under the care of the church. The object is a charitable one, and truly commendable; we therefore hope it will meet with a liberal response.

Arm Broken.—A little son of John Messner, (Market Constable), aged about five years, while playing with some children on Fourth street yesterday, was accidentally thrown down, breaking both bones of the left forearm near the elbow. Dr. Wm. R. Childs was called in and attended to the injured boy. This same child met with a similar accident last April.

CITY ITEMS

Deserved Popularity.

The Oregon Brewery fresh, cream and Burton ales have fairly earned a high reputation, and are equal to any brewed in the country. Many of the medical fraternity recommend them entirely for their patients, owing to their purity and health-giving qualities. Messrs. Pier, Dannals & Co., the proprietors of the extensive Oregon Brewery, are extremely anxious to sustain the high reputation of their ales and porters, and give careful attention to every package which leaves the establishment. Orders by mail will be promptly attended to, and barrels and half barrels of ale or porter will be delivered to any part of the cities or surrounding boroughs, or shipped where directed.

Blankets. Blankets. Blankets.

White all wool blankets	$4.00	with $7.00.
" " "	4.50	8.00
" " "	5.00	9.00
" " "	5.50	10.00
" " "	6.50	11.00
" " "	8.00	13.00
" " "	9.00	14.50
" " "	10.00	15.00
" " "	11.00	16.50
" " "	12.00	17.50

Largest stock, and cheapest goods ever seen in the two cities, on west corner Market and Fourth streets, No. 69

TTS GARDNER & STEWART.

There is nothing more offensive about a house than escaping gas, and in addition to being an annoyance it is exceedingly unhealthy; consequently persons having gas fitting to do should be careful to have it well done, and thus avoid the unhealthy annoyance. Since it is important to have work of this kind well done, it is of the greatest importance that it be entrusted to competent hands, and in order that our readers may know just where to find a competent gas fitter, we refer them to T. T. Ewens, No. 165 Wood street.

The Best Crackers—Messrs. Wray & Brothers, successors to M. Connolly's old established cracker and biscuit bakery, Irwin street, near Penn, supply dealers, restaurants and families with the very best quality of crackers, soda biscuits, &c., at the most reasonable prices. Their wholesale and retail trade is large and increasing rapidly, as where once introduced no other crackers will be used. We commend this firm to the patronage of our readers, asking for them a fair trial of their crackers and biscuits.

Where to Purchase.—Choice teas, aromatic coffees, pure and unadulterated spices, coffee sugars, &c., &c., can be purchased to best advantage at the old established tea mart of Joseph A. Robinson, No. 20 Fifth street. Ladies are requested to call and convince themselves of the superior quality of the stock in store at the old tea mart.

Like Precious Pearls her teeth glistened, showing the effects of having taken good care of them, with a knowledge that Ward's Fluid and Powdered Dentifrice will work a reform in any mouth—saving the teeth, hardening the gums, and purifying the breath. Sold, wholesale and retail, by Joseph Fleming, No. 84 Market street, and all druggists.

Bargains in Ladies' Furs at the New York Hat and Fur House, 52 St. Clair street.

For Family Use.—The best quality of family ales are sold at the most reasonable prices, and delivered in barrel or half barrel packages, anywhere in the city, or shipped in good order to any point, by Messrs. Pier, Dannals & Co., proprietors of the old established Oregon Brewery.

To the Hungry.—Try a meal at Holtzheimer's well conducted and popular Continental Dining Rooms, Fifth street next door to the Postoffice. No where else in the city can a better breakfast, dinner or supper be procured at such reasonable rates. Everybody who can appreciate good cooking patronizes this establishment.

Fragrant Teas.—A fresh lot of the finest family teas, of all the popular brands, just received at the old established tea mart of Joseph A. Robinson, No. 20 Fifth street. Prices very reasonable.

Party Suppers.—Managers of balls and parties can make reasonable arrangements with Holtzheimer, of the Continental Saloon, Fifth street, next door to the Postoffice, for party suppers, served either at the ladies' dining hall, or anywhere else desired.

On Hand.—A large stock of Ladies Furs, at Wm. Fleming's, No. 139 Wood street.

Harper's Bazar and all the Weeklies and Monthlies, on the Counter, at Pittock's.

Bargains in Ladies' and Misses' Furs, at Wm. Fleming's, No. 139 Wood street.

Base Ball Goods.—A full assortment at Pittock's.

Sheriff's Sales.

Our efficient and worthy Sheriff S. B. Cluley has almost monopolized the third page of to-day's GAZETTE, in order to announce the sale of valuable and choice real estate, which he will dispose of under the hammer at the Court House, on Monday, November 25th. Many of the places advertised are very desirable for homes, and all will prove rare chances for speculation by capitalists. The attention of persons interested in the buying and selling of real estate is especially directed to the four columns of sales advertised by Sheriff Cluley.

Grand Vocal and Instrumental Concert.

In aid of the Hebrew Benevolent Society, one of the most praiseworthy organizations in the county, there will be given a grand vocal and instrumental concert at Masonic Hall, on Monday evening next. The programme embraces gems of

The Pittsburgh Gazette

SATURDAY NOVEMBER 2, 1867.

RECTIFICATION OF OPINIONS.

War is a stern instructor, because it teaches by bitter experiences. It has this advantage, however, that the lessons it inculcates are seldom forgotten, and often turn to valuable account.

Before the rebellion the fallacy was almost generally entertained at the South, and by numerous classes at the North, that Cotton was King; that is, that it was not only an article of indispensable necessity under modern civilization, but that the Southern States enjoyed such peculiar advantages in climate, soil, labor and contiguity to market for its production as to put them beyond the fear of competition not only, but to constrain the national government to accede to any demands they might make, or, failing in that, to compel European nations to intervene, diplomatically and militarily, in their behalf. It was upon this presumption that the South invoked the calamities of civil war; and that their Northern sympathizers predicated clamorous prophecies of their success. It must be confessed that to superficial observation there was a large measure of plausibility in this view of the case. Traffic, by means of its necessities, is always imperious; often sovereign. There are points in deprivation of ordinary comforts which nothing short of the most devoted patriotism will endure; and no facts had been elicited in the later annals of the American people, going to show that the spirit which animated their forefathers, still glowed with undiminished fervor in their bosoms. So far otherwise, indications were not lacking that unbounded material prosperity had eaten as a canker into their nobler sentiments, and wrought such debasement that the accumulation of wealth was considered better than the vindication of ideas and principles, no matter how primary in their nature, or how consequential in their applications to current political movements.

In the course of events all these sinister predictions were demonstrated to be false and baseless. While trade proved to be irresistible, its power was not manifested in the direction it was supposed it would follow. It dug out new and unexpected channels for itself; and instead of ministering to the continued enslavement of millions of Africans, so developed its energies as to impart a fresh and beneficial impulse to the industry of many provinces of India. How far this change extended is understood with greater definiteness and particularity now than it was during the progress of the rebellion, or even at the close thereof. When the conflict of arms ceased, it was apparent that cotton culture had been surprisingly promoted in other quarters of the globe, and especially in Asia; but it was thought that only a comparatively short space would be required for the re-establishment of the monopoly of the United States in most if not all its former supremacy. The following year much enterprise and skill were displayed in resuscitating cotton growing; but neither those experiments nor those of the last summer have been re-assuring. So far from it, the impression deepens throughout the cotton districts of the South that all efforts to re-instate the crop in its old glory will be unavailing.

The Columbia (S. C.) *Chronicle* says:

"We have lost control of the staple of the world, and been deluded by the belief that all mankind depended on the South for what they wear and tear. No mistake ever was more grievous. England has developed the resources of India to a degree which made her almost independent of the South during the war, and she continues to grow more so every year. Magnificent railroads, one thousand miles in length, enable her to penetrate the heart of the India cotton region, where labor can be had for five cents a day. Magnificent lines of steamers communicate weekly with the Indian ports, and nearly a million of bales are now in course of transit to the Liverpool docks and warehouses."

After declaring that "few planters are likely to realize their salt," and that "half the crop has been ruined in many localities, and the remaining half must, per force, be immediately sold to meet the demands against plantations by factors," it adds:

"In all this there is a lesson, and that lesson should teach the importance of changing our style of agriculture, and grow crops that will pay, and are not subject to the immense speculative fluctuations of trade. Let our farmers turn their attention to corn, wheat, to grounds nuts, fruit, vegetables, to the growth of sheep, cattle and horses, and to many factures. Let the cotton we grow be made up at home. We can save fifteen per cent., which now goes into the pocket of the northern speculator.

"We have gone through enough purgatorio, to have learned some sense, and it is time to use it."

The Mobile (Ala.) *Advertiser* recognizes the existence of the same condition of affairs, and declares:

"The plantation system, on a large scale, seems to have had its day, for the experiments of the last two years do not encourage the belief that cotton can be grown successfully, with hired labor, at prices that are likely to rule. Small farms, with diversified production and patches devoted to cotton will be the forced result as to farming. The farmer will have to learn to make himself independent at home. If Alabama, for example, is able to raise all its own meat and corn and wheat, all its cattle, mules and horses, and cotton enough for its own consumption, and that "enough" spun and woven at home, we are of those who believe that the State will be more solidly prosperous and independent than it was as a large cotton grower (and nothing else) with slave labor. New England, the Middle States and the great West have all prospered and grown rich without a cotton monopoly. Why shouldn't the South? At all events, their system has to be pursued, their energy, and industry, and diversity of pursuits, have to be imitated. If our people are too lazy to do it, as some pretend, and as we do not believe—for the war dissipated the idea of Southern indolence and inefficiency—other people will do it."

The Atlanta (Ga.) *Times*, if less elegant in its forms of expression, is more pungent. It says:

'A pack of fools (of whom we were one) got the South into a war, and now a pack of fools are resolved to keep her in hot water till the end of time, if the people permit them to do so."

It may, therefore, be taken as unquestionable that between the war itself, and the extinction of slavery as one of the most prominent results thereof, a great change is inevitable in the form of southern industry. The start obtained for cotton cultivation elsewhere, with the introduction of voluntary or paid labor in the southern States, renders a close approximation to northern agricultural industry indispensable. It will be found, when the new system shall be fairly inaugurated throughout that section, and the resources now latent somewhat developed, that the change, however much it may have been viewed at a distance as calamitous, is truly beneficial to the masses of the population of both races. The old system of coerced employment tended powerfully to build up and perpetuate an aristocracy; but it was an aristocracy of the most odious description, having less of good and more of evil in it than any other form of caste whatever. It was the baldest possible attempt to make the pyramid of society stand on its apex rather than on its base. It was a failure from inherent and immedicable defects. Under its operation the South fell far behind the North in the race for intelligence, wealth and power. Now, the South must and will take a new departure, on the same foundation with the North; under circumstances of some discouragement it must be admitted, but these, by wise management will be discovered to be only transient.

With the industries of the two sections identical, it is reasonable to anticipate that a feeling favorable to the establishment of local manufactures will rapidly spring up, as is already somewhat apparent in two of the extracts given above. It is not difficult to anticipate that the South is destined to revert to the doctrine of Protection, which it repudiated under the delusion that there was no King but Cotton.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

The proposed union of the Old and New School branches of the Presbyterian Church, is provoking sharp controversy between those for and against the movement. From the vote of the Old School Presbyteries, the prospect of union is not very hopeful for sometime to come. The basis of the reunion being mainly doctrinal, the two parties seem to get wider apart as the discussion continues, that it is hardly possible for an early adjustment of the differences existing between them. Dr. Spear, of Brooklyn, of the New School body, discusses the "Prospects of Presbyterian Reunion" in the *Independent*, nearly three columns long. As an opponent of the reunion, at least upon the plan proposed by the committee, his views are expressed, perhaps, to some extent in a partisan manner. However, the points of difference he presents of certain doctrines are worthy of reproduction here. First, in regard to the doctrine of *original sin*. Taking the views of representative men of each body he shows that while both agree in holding to the substance of the doctrine, they do not agree in their mode of explaining it. The Old School party hold to the theory of legal representation, federal leadership, penal imputation, and, as its consequence the infliction of natural depravity upon the posterity of Adam. The other hold to the sin of Adam, and to a corrupted and fallen nature as derived from him; and also to the *facts* in the case as stated in the Confession of Faith, and stated in the Bible, but not as explained by the former. The views of each upon the *atonement* are also different. The Old School maintains that in making the atonement "Christ suffered the penalty of the law threatened against the sinner, and that this atonement is limited as a provision of saving grace to the elect. The other regards the atonement as a *substitute* for the penalty of the law, and not the penalty itself; and also hold that as a provision for pardon it is general and applicable to all mankind, though limited in its actual salvation to believers. So in regard to the doctrine of the sinner's *inability*, there is a wide difference. The Old School, as a Church, maintains that it is both *natural* and *moral*—that it is total. The New School, as a Church, admit the moral inability as stated in the Confession, but they deny the doctine of natural ability. They distinguish between the two kinds of inability, as the Old School do not. They hold to natural ability and moral inability. Here also are two "historical" senses existing under one system of doctrine. While both adopt the same standards, as "containing the system of doctrine taught in the Holy Scriptures," they nevertheless differ in some respects in the interpretation of some facts of this system. Both Schools are Calvanistic in the generic sense, yet somewhat different in their type of Calvanism. It is hence a fact that there are two "historical" senses of "the system of doctrine," as set forth in the Confession of Faith—the one that of the Old School, and the other that of the New. Other points of differences are clearly presented by Dr. Spear, but these will suffice. The *Independent* thinks, judging from the present foretokens, a reunion will not be speedily effected—certainly not till many of the old men who remember 1837 have died and gone to heaven.

The Board of Missions of the Protestant Church was recently in session at New York city. The reports of the various committees show that at home the sum of $136,380 24 was paid out for domestic missionary labors, and $142,136 44 received. For Foreign Missions the committee show the following statement: Receipts, etc., $83,694 68; expenditures, $81,694,89; while the report of the Freedmen's Commission shows an expenditure of $30,319 42, against a fund of $29,223 54. Over $26,859 has been received in legacies alone for the general fund of the mission.

Among the progressive features of the day, in the settlement of pastors, is a pledge on the part of the people, that they will, in addition to the salary, keep the ministers life insured for a fixed sum, while he remains with them. Rev. H. H. Stebbons was recently installed pastor of the Presbyterian Church at Riverdale, New York, the Society pledging itself to pay the annual premium on a policy of ten thousand dollars.

The word "Dutch" will soon be expunged from the title of the Reformed Dutch Church. Twenty-five Classis have voted in favor of and only six against the measure. The *Intelligencer* says all the Classis, except Arcot, have voted on the question touching the change of name.

The *Presbyterian* gives a list of fifteen churches, among the Presbyterians, noted for their liberal donations to benevolent objects during the past year. The amount ranged from eight thousand dollars to sixty-six thousand. In this list, the First Presbyterian Church of Pittsburgh, Rev. S. F. Scovel, pastor, is credited with twelve thousand one hundred dollars.

Rev. Newman Hall, of England, now sojourning in this country, the friend of our country during the Rebellion, acquired the art of extempore preaching by locking himself up in his room every day for twelve months, and delivered a discourse of ten minutes in length on whatever passage his eye chanced to light upon, when he opened his bible. By dint of application in talking *on* or *about* the subject in hand to the end of the term allotted for the exercise, he acquired the habit at the close of a year of speaking fluently and holding himself strictly to the subject. He advises clergymen not to do their practising on any audience. That, he thinks, is outrageous.

The Advent Christians of New York City are making strenuous efforts to spread their peculiar views through the city.

The Chicago Young Men's Christian Association were loaned fifty thousand dollars to aid in the erection of their new building. The Northwestern Life Insurance Company, of Milwaukee, done this generous act, after eastern capitalists had refused to do so, on the ground that they would not loan to religious or benevolent societies. How fallacious the argument! Such an investment is safe for both religion and capital, and we hope our Christian Association here will profit by this information. No better time than the present for them to move in this matter.

The *Protestant Churchman* is advocating a change in the baptismal service so as to relieve the creed of the Episcopal Church from the charge of inculcating and teaching baptismal regeneration. Coming from such a source the advice should be heeded, and the proper means adopted at the next General Convention to remove the objectionable features.

Mass meetings to promote Lay Representation in the Methodist Episcopal Church, are now being held in some of the leading Eastern cities.

Next Wednesday a Convention of delegates from all branches of the Presbyterian family, is to meet in Philadelphia to consider the question of reunion. It will be an event of no ordinary kind, and one which will mark an era in the branch of the Christian Church.

The tenth Annual Convention of the National Local Preachers' Association of the M. E. Church, has just been held in Boston. The Convention met on Saturday morning, the 19th ult., and adjourned on Monday night following. The forenoon, afternoon and night of Saturday and morning and afternoon of Monday were devoted to business and the discussion of subjects bearing upon their work in the Church. Sunday was a great day for its special religious services. Monday night the pastors and members of the Methodist churches in that city and vicinity, gave a reception to the delegates in Music Hall. Hon. Jacob Sleeper presided. Eminent speakers delivered addresses. Hymns were sung, accompanied by the grand organ, which is said to be the largest in the world, with, perhaps, one exception. The immense building was crowded. Ministers and distinguished laymen occupied the platform. The officers are L. P. Frost, of Waltham, Mass., President; W. H. Kincaid, of Pittsburgh, Secretary, with the usual complement of other officers. The Convention appointed the following persons to bear the fraternal regards of the Association to the General Conference, which meets in May next at Chicago: I. P. Cook, Baltimore; L. P. Frost, Waltham, Mass.; T. T. Tasker, Sr., Philadelphia; W. H. Kincaid, Pittsburgh, and J. Riddle, Wilmington, Del. The next Convention is to be held in Christ M. E. Church, Pittsburgh, the third Saturday of October, 1868. Committee of Arrangements: J. W. F. White, J. F. Dravo, J. L. Graham, J. Wilkinson and W. H. Kincaid.

MRS. JENNY DEL BAL, wife of Don Bernardino Del Bal, of Santiago de Nuova Grenada, died in that place recently. The following is from the N. Y. *Evening Post*:

"Santiago, an old Spanish town of the Isthmus, of late has fallen into stagnation through the disorganized state of the country. Mrs. Del Bal was the first American lady who ever made it her abode. The churches had been closed, the schools dissolved, and society disorganized. She rallied the people together, opened schools and formed religious societies which labored for the restoration of the churches, and the revival of religion. She visited the sick and dying, sought out and relieved the poor, and so won on the hearts of the common people that she became known, young as she was, as "the saint," and "the angel of Santiago." In the insurrectionary disturbances after the battles of San Brujas and San Francisco, when the wounded on both sides were brought into Santiago, where no accommodations awaited them, Mrs. Del Bal organized the first military hospital in the charge of ladies ever known in the country. She became the Florence Nightingale of South America, adored by all the wounded. Gen. Olate returned thanks to her in the official gazette, and a vote of thanks was tendered her in the Assembly of State. During the civil war in America she steadfastly advocated the cause of the North, and organized a patriotic demonstration on the Fourth of July in honor of her native country. She secured various political reforms from the Congress of New Grenada, and induced the Bishop of Bogota to make divers ecclesiastical changes for the benefit of the people. The grief caused by her death was intense. When it became known that she was ill, a throng of people filled the square in front of her house, kneeling and praying for her recovery. At the news of her death, the air was rent with their shrieks. Business was suspended, the stores were closed and the whole city hung in mourning, as for a public calamity."

Mme. Del Bal was a daughter of Judge J. W. White, of New York.

—The distress which has for some time prevailed among the working classes in France appears, by the latest reports from the manufacturing districts, to be on the increase. At Rouen most of the factory hands now only work for four days in the week, and it is said that the manufacturers will soon reduce that number to three. There is also great difficulty in obtaining work at Elbeuf, Mulhouse, and St. Quentin. In Paris, too, the completion of most of the new streets and buildings has thrown a great number of laborers out of work, and men who earned from four to five francs a day last year are now glad to obtain employment at less than half that rate. This state of things will of course be still further aggravated by the close of the exhibition. It is to be feared that the lower classes in Paris will have a hard time of it this winter.

—A new first-class danseuse named Moriacchi has dawned upon New York. The *Tribune* says of her: "She is of the spiritual order of women, small, delicate, fiery, with a fine little head and luminous face, and she dances with all her soul as well as with all her body. We have seen no better dancer upon the stage."

FRESHER THAN the MORNING ROSE.—Can anything be fresher than a morning rose or pearl? Its colors? The next thing to it in color is a healthy, firm gum, and next in purity is a fine row of teeth with a fragrant breath. The sweetest breath of fragrance will follow a faithful application of WAND'S FLUID AND POWDERED DENTRIFICE.

ASTONISHMENT.—A gentleman whose profession brought him into daily contact with many clients of both sex, was not a little annoyed by the frequent inattention of his friends and clients at different times. He was in great trouble for a time, fearing his whole business and self were not so attractive as of old, when, one morning last week, the mystery was solved. A friend remarked to him that his breath was none of the sweetest, and advised him at once to get a bottle of Wand's Fluid and Powdered Dentrifice. Sold wholesale and retail, by JOSEPH FLEMING, No. 81 Market street, and all druggists.

MALARIA EVERYWHERE. Rarely has there been a season as fruitful as this of malarious diseases. Not only on the prairies and in the valleys of the west; not merely in all the old haunts of fever and ague and bilious remittent fever have these prostrating diseases been unusually virulent; but they have extended to towns and cities never before infested with them, and have even ascended the mountains and attacked those lands of people supposed to have been placed, by the laws of nature, above their reach. Hence we are compelled to admit that a fatal element pervades the universal air this season, and should at once resort to the only approved preventive of its consequences. HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, a tonic so potent, an antiseptic so perfect, an alterative so irresistible, and a stimulant so pure, that it enables the system to resist and battle all the prevailing causes of disease. With the confidence that one clothed in incombustible garments might walk safely among burning buildings, the man who arms himself against malaria with the powerful defensive medicine may walk in fever-scourged districts free as of its insalubrious atmosphere. The intermittent and remittent present no ginger in all parts of the country may be but the forerunners of a dead-ly scourge now on its way westward from the Atlantic. Prepare for it at once with HOSTETTER'S BITTERS for a successful battle with the anophilic causes of all epidemics. Be wise in time!

BLIND EYES RESTORED. The case to which we alluded some weeks ago, of Christiana Fisher, of Beaver county, is now entirely confirmed by the appearance of Miss Fisher herself, who to-day called on Dr. KEYSER in person, to thank him for his genius and skill in restoring her TO ENTIRE AND PERFECT SIGHT. Miss Fisher had been nearly blind for four months. She was so blind that she could not distinguish any object so as to make out what it was. The case is remarkable, as hundreds of cases like hers are doomed to never-ending darkness, on the flimsy pretext that there is no cure, and nothing can be done. She was under DOCTOR KEYSER'S treatment for two months, and before she applied to him through her brother, Simon P. Fisher, slight hopes were entertained of her ever getting her sight. Her case is well known in the neighborhood where she resides, and has been regarded as one of extraordinary recovery.

We, the undersigned, know of the cure of Miss Fisher, and bear willing testimony to the facts above stated.

CHRISTINA FISHER,
SIMON P. FISHER, (Brother.)
ANNIE BRADLEY,
Taylor Avenue, Allegheny.
EUNICE MCCASKEY,
LOUISA FISHER, (her neice.)

DR. KEYSER'S OFFICE and CONSULTATION ROOMS, No. 120 PENN STREET, corner of Evans alley.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., *Adams Express Office, No. 54 Fifth Street, is an authorized Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other papers throughout the United States and the Canadas.*

UNDERSHIRTS & DRAWERS,

In SCARLET CASHMERE,
SHAKER FLANNEL,
WHITE MERINO,
CANTON FLANNEL,
SILK, warranted;

All at reduced prices; must be sold.

GRAY, POSSIEL & RESE,
69 FIFTH STREET.

SPLENDID STOCK
OF
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

At prices to suit the times.

GRAY, POSSIEL & RESE,
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 69 FIFTH STREET.

BOARDING.—A large, elegantly finished SECOND-STORY FRONT ROOM TO LET, To a gentleman and wife or single gentlemen. With first-class boarding. In a quiet table family. Will be let without board, if preferred. References exchanged. Apply at No. 125 GRANT STREET.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TRINITY CHURCH, Sixth STREET.—CHORAL SERVICE.—Seats free. EVERY SUNDAY, at 10½ o'clock a. m.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH.—Services at the NEW CHAPEL, Fourth street, above Grant. TO-MORROW, at 10½ A. M., Sabbath school at 2 o'clock. P. M. Strangers are cordially invited.

PREACHING EVERY SABBATH, at 10½ o'clock A. M. and 7½ P. M. in NORTH AVENUE M. E. CHURCH, corner North Avenue and Beaver street, Allegheny City, Rev. E. S. SNYDER, Pastor. All are invited. Seats free. Sabbath School at 9 o'clock A. M. and 1½ P. M.

UNIVERSALIST CHURCH, CORNER OF GRANT AND THIRD STS.—Pastor, Rev. A. BOSSERMAN. Preaching EVERY SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M., and 7½ P. M. Sunday School at 9 A. M. All the people are invited to come and hear.

Subject for Sunday evening—"Universalist Christian Convention." Young men come and hear.

FIRST CONGREGATION OF DISCIPLES, Neville Hall, corner of Fourth and Liberty sts., entrance on Fourth.—Rev. W. S. GRAY, Pastor. Service every LORD'S DAY, morning and evening. Sabbath School session at 2½ P. M. Prayer Meeting on Wednesday Evenings. Strangers and residents invited with any worshiping congregation are gladly invited.

RELIGIOUS.—THE FIRST CHRISTIAN CHURCH, Allegheny City corner Beaver street and MONTGOMERY AVE., (reaching Montgomery, (Ford's Day) at 10½ A.M. and 6½ P.M. by the Pastor of the church. At 3 P. M. Sunday School. Ordinance of baptism will be administered. Seats free, and all are invited.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE is hereby given that Letters of Administration on the Estate of CATHERINA DITWEILER, late of the city of Allegheny, Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned.
JAMES CLARK,
GEORGE WHITNEY,
Administrators.

JOHN MITSCH,
PRACTICAL WATCH MAKER,
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OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, PITTSBURGH, Oct. 30, 1867.
THE ASSESSMENT for the Grading, Paving and Curbing of BEDFORD AVENUE, from Washington to Fulton street; BEDFORD AVENUE, from Gum street to city line, and CARSON STREET, from Penn street to Mulberry alley, are now ready for examination, and will remain in this office, West Market building, until MONDAY, Nov. 11th, 1867, when they will be placed in the City Treasurer's Office for collection.
H. J. ROSS,
City Engineer.

OFFICE OF THE MERCHANTS UNION EXPRESS CO., No. 149 Wood street, PITTSBURGH, Pa., October 21, 1867.
THIS COMPANY is now prepared to carry Money, Freights and Parcels to more than 2,000 cities, Towns and Villages in and West, through the Cleveland & Pittsburgh and Pittsburgh and Erie Railroad, with promptness and dispatch.
Trains leave for Erie at 7 a. m.
" " Cleveland at 8:15 a. m. and 7 p. m.
" " Wheeling and Belle Air at 8:

The Pittsburgh Gazette

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY VIRTUE OF SUNDRY EXECUTIONS issued out of the District Court of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, and to the Sheriff of said county directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the COURT HOUSE, in the city of Pittsburgh, said county, on MONDAY, the 25th day of November, A. D., 1867, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following described real estate, to-wit:

All the right, title, interest and claim of Joseph P. Israel, of, in and to all that certain lot of ground situate in the Fifth ward, Allegheny City, formerly Manchester, and fronting on Page street 20 feet and extending back 132 feet to an alley, on which is erected a still for boiling coal tar.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Joseph P. Isreal, at the suit of Henry Spratley.

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest and claim of Robert Duff, of, in and to all that certain lot of ground situate in the Borough of Lawrenceville, containing in front, on Ewalt street, 45 feet and extending back the same width 130 feet to Snowden alley, being lot marked No. 1 in George Dabb's plan of said borough.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Robert Duff, at the suit of Edward Faber, for use of Frederick Rauhauser.

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest and claim of Thomas McKeever, of, in and to all that piece or parcel of ground lying and being in the Sixth ward of the city of Pittsburgh, Allegheny county and State of Pennsylvania, and bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the distance of ninety-four feet from the northwest corner of Townsend and Colwell streets; thence northwardly along said Townsend street twenty-four feet; thence westwardly along lot No. 71 one hundred feet to Carpenter's alley; thence southwardly along said Carpenter's alley twenty-four feet to lot No. 73; thence eastwardly along said lot No. 73 one hundred feet to Colwell street, the place of beginning; being lot No. 72 in Scott, Townsend & Clark's plan of lots, as recorded in the office for recording deeds, &c., in said Allegheny county, in book v. 2, page 359, and being the same which Andrew Christie and Mary, his wife, by deed dated the 13th day of March, 1849, and recorded in the office for recording deeds in vol. 84 page 558, conveyed unto the said Thomas McKeever.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Thomas McKeever, at the suit of Timothy O'Brien.

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest and claim of Timothy Finin, of, in and to all those two certain lots situate in Pitt township in the county of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, marked and numbered in Reis & Bergers plan of the sub-division of part of Lot No. 6 in A. C. Reed's third plan of our lots, situated in the city district, now of the Seventh ward, made by R. E. McGowin, Recording Regulator, August 25th, 1849, and recorded in plan book No. 1, page 59, numbers 10 and 11 being part of the same land which John Manefetter and Mary his wife, granted and conveyed to George C. Reis and Andrew B. Berger the parties of the first part by deed bearing date May 12th, 1849, who conveyed the same to Timothy Finin.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Timothy Finin at the suit of George C. Reis and Andrew B. Berger.

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest and claim of Sebastian Berger, of, in and to all that certain lot of ground situate in the township of Lower St. Clair, bounded and decribed as follows: Commencing on the southerly side of Pins street at the distance of 274 feet, eastwardly from the line dividing the property of Mary O'Phillips from that of Mrs. Wharton; thence southerly at right angle with Pins street 40 feet to line of lot of Hoffman eastwardly paralel with Pins street 66 feet 6 inches more or less to a street; thence northerly with said street 40 feet more or less, to Pins street; thence with said street westwardly 66 feet 6 inches to the place of beginning.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Sebastian Berger at the suit of Gibson A. Mundorf.

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest and claims of George Sherer, of, in and to all that certain lot or piece of ground in Reserve township, county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, being designated as lot No. thirty-eight (No. 38,) in a plan of lots laid out by Robert M'Cassat, and bounded and desbribed as follows to wit: Beginning on Fountain street, at the corner of lot No. 37, thence along said street eastwardly twenty feet ten inches to line of land formerly belonging to Sample & Gilmore, and now known as the "Quarry Road," southeastwardly along the line of said land one hundred and twenty-two feet ten inches to Hemlock alley, thence westwardly along said alley thirty-eight feet six inches to the corner of lot No. 37, and thence along the line of said lot one hundred and sixty-one feet six inches to the place of beginning; being the same lot of ground which William P. Baum and wife, by deed recorded in Allegheny county in Deed Book, vol. 198, page 280, &c., conveyed to the said George Sherer.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of George Sherer, at the suit of Jacob Heid for use of John G. Sautter.

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest and claim of Oliver Adams, of, in and to all that certain lot or piece of ground, situate in the borough of Pitt, Pittsburgh, county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania; being part of lot No. 10, in Gregg's plan of lots in said borough, said lot having a front of twenty-five feet on the south side of the Brownsville Turnpike, and extending back preserving the same width, one hundred feet, and the same conveyed to said Oliver Adams, the defendant, by deed bearing date the 13th day of July, A. D. 1864, and recorded in Allegheny county, in Deed Book, vol. 175, page 247, by Mary Ann Daly.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Oliver Adams, at the suit of David Hutchinson.

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest and claim of George Baust and Peter Gudenbur, of, in and to all that certain lot or piece of ground, situate in the borough of Lawrenceville, county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at Charlotte street, at the corner of Fiaccus' line; thence south 29 degrees west, 110 feet, more or less, to the line of Taylor & Bros; thence north 62½ degrees west, 130 feet, more or less, to Denny's line; thence north 29 degrees east, 110 feet, more or less, to said Fiaccus' line; thence south 62½ degrees east, 130 feet, more or less, to Charlotte street, the place of beginning. Being part of a larger tract of land which Thomas Ingraham et. ux. et. al., by their deed dated the 8th day of August, A. D. 1860, and recorded in Deed Book, vol. ——, page ——, conveyed to Augustus Hoevseler, and the same which Augustus Hoevseler, and Elizabeth his wife, by deed dated the 1st day of April, A. D. 1862, conveyed to George Baust and Peter Gudenbur, and recorded in Deed Book, vol. 185, page 337.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of George Baust and Peter Gudenbur, at the suit of John Kolsch ler, Jr.

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest and claim of Christopher Miller, of, in and to all those two certain lots of ground in the borough of Lawrenceville, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, numbered 12 and 13 in a plan of lots laid out by James Robinson and William Forsythe; recorded in Plan Book, vol. 1, page 72, being each twenty five feet front on Butler street, and extending back one hundred feet to an alley ten feet wide, and bounded on the east by Ewalt street and on the west by lot No. 14, being part of the same lots which Dr. James Robinson and wife, by deed, dated July 28th, A. D. 1853, recorded in Deed Book, vol. 110, page 228, conveyed to Cicero Hasbrouck, Esq., and wife, by their deed dated the 23d day of February, A. D. 1859, granted and conveyed unto Christopher Miller by deed, being recorded in Deed Book, vol. 136, page 597, upon which are erected one two story brick building, with a one story brick kitchen and frame wash house.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Christopher Miller, at the suits of William Ward for use of the Real Estate Savings Institution, (now bank,) and Robert Robb for use of Harry T. Coffey.

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest and claim of Thomas Ward, of, in and to all that certain lot or piece of ground situated in the borough of East Birmingham, county of Allegheny, State of Pennsylvania; bounded and described as follows: Beginning on the southwest corner, formed by the intersection of Cary alley and Caroline street; thence along Cary alley, westerly sixty-six feet three and one-half inches; thence at right angles with Cary alley forty feet; thence eastwardly parallel with said alley and Sarah street sixty feet ten and sevententh inches to Caroline street; thence along Caroline street northerly forty-one feet five and seven-tenth inches to place of beginning; on which are erected two two story frame houses, being the same lot of ground which Jane O. Morgan by her attorney in act, H. Burgwin, Esq., conveyed to said Thomas Ward by deed, dated November 28th, 1865, and recorded in vol 267, page 105, in Recorder's office of Allegheny.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Thomas Ward, at the suit of Arnold Koch.

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest and claim of Daniel Y. M'Pherson, of, in and to all that certain lot or piece of ground, situate in the borough of Lawrenceville, county of Allegheny, State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the line of Allen street, distant twenty-nine feet eight inches from the northeast corner of Lafayette alley and Allen street; thence along the line of other property of Eliza Smith one hundred and nine feet, more or less, to the line of lot of P. Paradine; thence westwardly along the same twenty-four feet to the middle of what was formerly known as Market alley, now the line of lot belonging to —— Katchaler; thence along the line of said lot one hundred and ten feet, more or less, to Allen street, twenty-four feet to the place of beginning.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Daniel Y. M'Pherson, at the suit of Eliza Smith, part for use of G. G. Frazier.

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest and claim of Reinhard Greninger and Severin Greninger, of, in and to all that certain lot or piece of ground, situate in the borough of East Birmingham, county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to wit: Beginning on the westerly side of Carroline street, at the distance of forty feet four and one-half inches southerly from Jane street; thence southwardly on said Carolina street twenty feet two and one-fourth inches; thence westerly parallel with Jane street one hundred and twenty-five feet six and one-half inches to a point; thence northerly twenty feet two and one half inches to a line of lot of Peter Blockinger; thence easterly along said Peter Blockinger's line one hundred and twenty-seven feet nine and one-fourth inches to Caroline street, the place of beginning; upon which is erected one frame cooper shop.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Reinhard Greninger and Severin Greninger, at the suit of Louis Blockinger.

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest and claim of William Bakewell, of, in and to all that certain lot of ground described as follows, viz: Beginning 224 feet 3 inches (224¼) from the northeast corner of Chartiers street and Grant alley; thence eastwardly along Grant alley 40 feet; thence northwardly along a line parallel with Chartiers street 240 feet to Nixon street; thence westwardly along Nixon street 40 feet; thence southwardly on a line parallel with Chartiers street 240 feet to the place of beginning.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of William Bakewell at the suit of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for use of the Mayor, Aldermen and citizens of Allegheny.

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest and claim of John E. Heinrich, of, in and to all that certain building and lot of ground situate on the corner of Rebecca and Ridge streets, city of Allegheny, Allegheny county, State of Pennsylvania.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of John E. Heinrich at the suit of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for use of the Mayor, Aldermen and citizens of Allegheny.

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest and claim of Sarah B. Drayden of, in and to all that certain building and lot of ground situate in the borough of Sewickley, Allegheny county, State of Pennsylvania, and described as follows, viz: Said building is a dwelling house of two stories, having a front of thirty-eight (38) feet on Broad and a depth of sixteen (16) feet, and having a two-storied kitchen or back building sixteen feet deep by sixteen feet broad, and a privy of 4½ feet, and a board and paling fence surrounding said buildings, situate on the corner of Broad and Thorn streets, in the said borough of Sewickley.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Sarah B. Drayden, at the suit of James M. Burns.

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest and claim of Adam Berry, of, in and to, or out of, all that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the part of Allegheny City (formerly borough of Manchester,) Allegheny couaty, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning on the southwest side of Union avenue, at the corner of lot of Adam Peters, and running thence along said avenue south 43½ degrees east 72 feet to lot of Jacob Harry; thence by said lot south 46½ degrees west 73½ feet to a pin; thence by the same south 43½ degrees east 12 feet 3 inches to Nixon street; thence along said street south 77½ degrees west 78 feet 1 inch more or less to line of Adam Peters' lot; thence by said lot north 43½ degrees west 43½ feet more or less to a pin, and thence by said Peters' lot north 46½ degrees east 140 feet to Union avenue to the place of beginning; on which are erected a two-story frame dwelling house, ice house, and frame slaughter house, with necessary out buildings, &c., &c.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Adam Berry, at the suit of James K. Morange.

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest and claim of Daniel V. Day, of, in and to all that certain messuage and moiety or half lot of ground situate in the borough of McKeesport, county of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a post on a public road 33 feet wide, and at the corner of lot No. 1 (Forbes' Plan); thence south along the line of lot No. 1, one hundred and forty feet (140) to an alley; thence along said alley westwardly thirty feet to a post; thence by a partition line parallel with the first one hundred and forty feet (140) to said public road, and thence along said road eastwardly thirty feet to the place of beginning; being the eastern half or moiety of lot No. "two," according to Forbes' Plan of Lots," the said lot No. 2, being the same which was sold and conveyed to the said Daniel V. Day by Gustavus A. Forbes and wife by their indenture dated the 23d day of January, A. D. 1849, recorded in the Recorder's office of Allegheny county, in Deed Book, vol. 84, page 422, on which are erected a small one story frame dwelling house and small frame stable, &c.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Daniel V. Day, at the suit of Hiram S. Sinclair, administrator of John Whigham, deceased.

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest and claim of Wm. F. Johnston, of, in and to, all that certain tract or piece of land, situated in Plum township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, and bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a post on the Allegheny Valley Railroad; thence by the lot above described south 65 degrees 30 minutes east, seven hundred and seventy-six feet to a post; thence by other land now or late of Jonathan Hulton, south 24 degrees 30 minutes west, three hundred and fifteen feet to a post at the township road; thence by the same north 72 degrees 15 minutes west, seven hundred and thirty-one feet to a post on the line of the Allegheny Valley Railroad Company's grounds; thence by the same north 17 degrees 45 minutes east, four hundred and five feet to the place of beginning; containing six acres and thirty-three perches. The above described premises being the same which Jonathan Hulton and wife, by deed dated November 29th, 1853, recorded in the Recorder's Office of Allegheny county, in Deed Book vol. 112, page 83, conveyed to Jas. Bilis and he said Wm. F. Johnston.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of William F. Johnston, at the suit of George W. Cass.

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest and claim of Frank Hardt, owner, and George Grady, contractor, and to the following described building and lot of ground, to-wit: All that certain two story frame dwelling house, having four rooms and a garret; said building has a front of 20 feet and a depth of 32 feet, situate upon a certain lot or piece of land in the city of Allegheny, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, having a front on East Lane of 35 feet and a depth of 111 feet; bounded on the north by property of Peter Schatz, and on the south by the property of —— Farley, and the lot or piece of ground and curtilage appurtenant to said building.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Frank Hardt, owner, and George Grady, contractor, at the suit of Jacob Vetter.

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest and claim of Bentjah O. Boswell, owner, or reputed owner, &c, viz: Of, in and to all that certain frame dwelling house having a front of sixteen feet and a depth of thirty-two feet, fronting on the Greensburg Turnpike, on the southerly one half of a certain lot or piece of ground, numbered as lot No. 13, in a plan of lots laid out by Samuel H. Keller, situate in the Borough of Lawrenceville, county of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, and described as follows: Beginning at the corner of lot Nos. 13 and 14 and the Pittsburgh and Greensburg Turnpike; thence along said pike southwesterly 20 feet to line of lots No. 12; thence at right angles with said pike and along the line of lot No. 12, northwesterly 100 feet to a 15 feet alley; thence at right angles along the line of said alley, northwardly, 20 feet, to line of lot No. 14; thence at right angles with said alley, and along the line of lot No. 14, southwestardly 100 feet to the place of beginning.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Benijah O. Boswell, owner, and A. G. Riddle, contractor, at the suit of William Nolf.

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest and claim of Benijah O. Boswell, owner, and A. G. Riddle, contractor, of, in and to all that certain frame dwelling house, having a front of 16 feet, on a 15 feet alley, and 32 feet in depth, of two stories high, located on the northerly half of a certain lot or piece of ground, numbered as lot of No. 13, in a plan of lots laid out by Samuel H. Keller, situate in the Borough of Lawrenceville, county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit. Beginning at the corner of lots No. 13 and 14 and the Pittsburgh and Greensburg Turnpike; thence along said pike southwesterly 20 feet, to line of lot No. 12; thence at right angles with said pike and along the line of lot No. 12, northwesterly 100 feet, to a 15 feet alley; thence at right angles along the line of said alley, northwardly 20 feet, to line of lot No. 14; thence at right angles with saidalley and along the line of lot No. 14, southwardly 100 feet, to the place of beginning.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Benijah O. Boswell, owner, and A. G. Riddle, contractor, at the suit of William Nolf.

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest and claim of James Trotter, of, in and to all that certain lot or piece of ground situated in the borough of South Pittsburgh, Allegheny county, and State of Pennsylvania, being part of lot number one in Mary Ann Daly's plan of lots, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning on the southeast side of a public road, at the corner of lot heretofore sold to Simpson Dain, and at the distance of sixty feet (60) from the angle in said road; running thence along said road south forty-eight and one-half (48½) degrees west seventy feet (70) to a pin; thence south fifty-five (55) degrees east one hundred and forty (140) feet more or less to lot number two in the plan aforesaid; thence along said lot number two seventy (70) feet, more or less, to lot of said Dain; and then along the same north fifty-five (55) degrees west one hundred and twenty feet, more or less, to the place of beginning, being the same lot of ground which Mary Ann Daly, by deed dated March 16th, 1866, and recorded in volume 198, page 302, conveyed to Hannah Trotter.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of James Trotter, at the suit of Robert Trotter.

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest and claim of James M. Shortall, owner or reputed owner and contractor, of, in and to all that certain frame dwelling house of two stories, having a front of about 30 feet and depth of about 16 feet, with a two storied back building 16 feet wide by about 20 feet deep, situate upon a certain piece of ground in the township of Lower St. Clair township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, viz: on lots 51, 52, 53, 54 and 55 in Wray & Howeler's plan of lots, said lots together having a front of one hundred (100) feet on Second street in said plan by one hundred (100) feet deep to "Bee" Alley, and the lot or piece of ground and curtilage appurtenant said building.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of James M. Shortall, at the suit of James L. Brown.

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest and claim of Karl Krink or Krick, of, in and to all that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the borough of Birmingham, county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning on the southerly side of Sarah street, at the distance of 184 feet westerly from John street; thence extending in front or width on said Sarah street 24 feet and in depth southerly, preserving the same width of 24 feet parallel with John street 60 feet to the line of lot sold to William Hickman, on which is erected a two story brick dwelling house, being one half of said lot of ground which Oliveretta Wharton, by her deed dated the 14th of March, 1863, recorded in Deed Book, vol. 175, page 437, conveyed to said Charles Craig, *alias* Krick, April 19th, 1867.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Karl Krink or Krick, at the suit of A. & J. Hays.

ALSO,

All the right title, interest and claim of David Thomas Lloyd, of, in and to all that certain lot or piece of ground, situate in the borough of East Birmingham, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows; Beginning on the north-east corner formed by the intersection of Carson and Oliver streets, thence extending in front or width on Carson street, easterly twenty feet, (20), and in debth northerly, preserving the same width of 20 feet along Oliver street, one hundred (100) feet to a twenty foot alley—being lot number one in plan No. 4, of John Brown, and the same piece of ground which John Brown and wife, by deed, the 27th day of July, 1863, recorded in vol. 164, page 314, conveyed to said Lloyd, on which is erected a two story double brick house, frame kitchen and other improvements.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of David Thomas Lloyd at the suit of Wm. H. Brown.

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest and claim of T. W. Myers, of, in and to all that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the Fourth ward of the city of Pittsburgh, county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Beginning on the east side of Hancock street, at the distance of seventy (70) feet north from Penn street; thence extending in front or width on Hancock street, northerly forty-five feet to a ten foot alley, and in depth easterly, preserving the same width of 45 feet along said alley forty-five (45) feet, on which is erected a three story double brick dwelling house.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of T. W. Myers at the suit of Dr. Levi H. Harris.

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest and claim of Michael O'Hara and J. H. Robinson, partners as O'Hara & Robinson, of, in and to all that certain lot or piece of ground situate and being in Lower St. Clair township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the south corner of land, late of C. Ihmsen, deceased, and McClurg street; running thence southerly along said McClurg street three hundred and fifteen feet three inches (315 ft 3 in) to land now or late of John McClurg's heirs; running thence eastwardly at right angles with said McClurg street along the line of said McClurg's heirs sixty (60) feet to other lands of said McClurg's heirs, running thence northwardly along the line of said McClurg's heirs three hundred and fifteen feet three inches (315 ft 3 in) to a pin on the line of land late of C. Ihmsen, dec'd, and running thence westwardly along said line sixty-four feet three and 11-100 inches (64 ft 33-16 in) to McClurg street, the place of beginning.

Also, all that other certain lot or piece of ground situate and being in the borough of East Birmingham, county and State aforesaid, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the western side of McClurg street, at a distance of forty feet (40) from the northeast corner of Jane and McClurg streets, running thence southwardly along McClurg street forty feet (40) to a pin; running thence westwardly seventy-three feet six inches (73 ft 6 in) to line of lot No. 53 in John Brown's plan of lots; running thence northwardly on a line parallel with said McClurg street twenty feet (20) to line of Charles Riece's lot, and running thence eastwardly seventy-three feet six inches (73 ft 6 in) to McClurg street, the place of beginning.

Also, all that certain lot or piece of ground situate in Lower St. Clair township, county and State aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a pin on the northeast corner of another lot of ground belonging to the said parties of the first part; thence extending along the line of the land late of C. Ihmsen, dec'd, easterly forty feet (40) and in length or depth southerly, preserving said width of forty feet (40) along the line of aforesaid lot of ground of the partils of the first part, one hundred (100) feet, being part of the residuary estate of John McClurg, deceased, and the same which Thomas McClurg, by his deed, dated the 8th day of April, 1863, granted and conveyed to J. H. Hays, *et al.*, who by their deed, dated the —— day of——, granted and conveyed to the parties of the first part.

Also, All the following described lots or pieces of ground situate in Lower St. Clair township, county and State aforesaid; bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at the southern side of Jane street, twenty (20) feet and three quarter (¾) inches, eastwardly, from McClurg street; thence extending eastwardly on the line of Jane street seventy-two (72) feet; thence southwardly one hundred and nine (100) feet, to an alley; thence westwardly, on line of said alley, seventy-two (72) feet; thence northwardly one hundred and nine (109) feet, to the place of beginning.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Michael O'Hara and J. H. Robison, at the suit of Hon. Thomas Mellon.

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest and claim of Morris McCombs, William Harrison, Alfred Harrison and Michael O'Hara, of, in and to all that certain piece of land situate in Liberty township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, being purpart number six (6) in said partition, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the corner of purpart No. 5 and the public road; thence along said road north 59 degree 20 minutes east 24 4-100 perches to a post at the corner of John McFarland's heirs; thence along said land south 24 degrees 15 minutes east 60 44-100 perches to a post; thence south 68 degrees 51 minutes west 24 4-100 perches to a post at the corner of purpart No. 2; thence along purparts No. 2, 3 and 5, north 24 degrees, 8 minutes, west 56 45-100 perches, to the place of beginning, containing 8 acres and 119½ perches, being the same which the said C. Hasbrouck, Esq., master in said partition, conveyed to said parties of the first part by deed of even date herewith, this mortgage and the said recited bond being given for the balance of purchase money of said purpart No. 6.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Norris McCombs, William Harrison, Alfred Harrison and Michael O'Hara, at the suit of C. Hasbrouck, master in partition.

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest and claim of Robert Franklin, of, in and to or out of all those certain lots or pieces of ground situate in the Seventh ward of the city of Pittsburgh, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning on Centre avenue, at the line dividing lots Nos. 14 and 15 in William Arthurs' third plan of lots; thence along said Centre avenue eastwardly 80 feet to Roberts streets; thence along Roberts street to Short alley 100 feet; thence along Short alley westwardly 80 feet to the line of said lot No. 14; thence along line of said lot No. 14, 100 feet to Centre avenue, the place of beginning. The said lots consisting of lots Nos. 15, 16, 17 and 18 in William Arthurs' third plan of lots, as recorded in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, in deed book vol. 51, page 28, on which is erected three frame dwelling houses and two brick dwellings, each two stories high, fronting on Centre avenue; and two brick dwellings, two stories high, fronting on Roberts street.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Robert Franklin, at the suit of John Rutherford.

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest and claim of William Bagaley, of, in and to all that certain lot of ground situate in the eastwardly side of the Diamond or Public Square, in the City of Pittsburgh, county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, consisting of parts of lots Nos. 393 and 390 in Col. Woods plan of said city, extending in front on said Diamond about thirty (30) feet, and in depth eastwardly one hundred and fifty feet (150) feet, bounded northwardly by property late of John McMasters; southwardly by property now or late of Peter Mowry's devisees; eastwardly by property now or late of Thomas Redpath, and westwardly by said Diamond, being the same property or lot of ground which became vested in the said William Bagaley by a deed from Edward Heazleton and wife, dated December 31, 1851, recorded in the Recorder's office of said Allegheny county, in deed book vol. 101, page 93, on which is erected a three-storied brick warehouse.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of William Bagaley, at the suit of the Allegheny National Bank.

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest and claim of John McGinniss of, in and to all those three certain tracts or pieces of land situate on and near Turtle Creek and Walls' station of the Pennsylvania Railroad, in Patton township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, and severally bounded and described as follows; viz: 1st; Beginning at a dead oak, near a road and run on the line of land of M. Brinton; thence north 50 degrees west 237 perches to a post; thence north 40½ degrees east 44½ perches to a post; thence south 67 degrees east 40 perches to a post; thence north 40 degrees east 47 perches to a post; thence south 33 degrees east 57 3-10 perches to a post; thence north 36 degrees east 18 perches to a post; thence north 77¼ degrees east 113 perches to a white oak; thence south 75 degrees east 76 perches to a black oak; thence south 15½ degrees east 95 perches to a white oak; thence south 55 degrees west 30.6 perches to a white oak; thence south 32½ degrees west 80 perches to a post; thence south 80½ degrees west 84 perches to a dead oak, the place of beginning, containing two hundred and fifty-one acres (251. a.) and sixty-three perches (63 p.) strict measure, and containing lands of Brainard, Moffit, Meldon, Brinton and other lands of said McGinniss.

2nd. Beginning at a post on the line of Pennsylvania Railroad, near Turtle Creek; thence north 81 degrees, east along line of said road 64 perches to a post; thence east along said road 22 perches to a post; thence south 75 degrees east 175 perches to a post; thence south 65 degrees east 10 perches to a post; thence south 19 degrees east 54.9 perches to a post; thence south 38½ degrees east 38.6 perches to a post; thence south 61 degrees west 27.2 perches to an ash; thence south 16 degrees west 25.7 perches to a post on a road; thence north 45 degrees west 172 perches to the place of beginning; containing fifty-five (55) acres and ninety-nine (99) perches strict measure, and adjoining lands of Negley & Beatty, Knap, Rudd & Co., and other lands of said McGinniss.

3d. Beginning at a post on the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad, near Turtle Creek, being the same beginning point as the piece last above described; thence north 81 degrees 84 perches to a post; thence east along the line of said road, still 22 perches; thence south 75 degrees east 17.5 perches to a post; thence south 65 degrees east 10 perches to a road. All these lines running along said railroad, thence along the wagon road first named to Turtle Creek; thence along said Creek by its various turnings to a point opposite the place of beginning on the railroad; thence to the beginning, containing fifteen (15) acres. The whole of the above described three pieces being parts of a large tract conveyed by Michael Shiel by deed dated 28th of October, 1835, recorded in said county in vol. 27, vol. 48, page 451 to John McGinniss, party of the first part hereto.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Mary Ann Daly, at the suit of Robert Robb for use of C. W. Robb.

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest and claim of Henry D. Foster and Mary Jane Foster, his wife, of, in and to all that certain tract of land, situate in Indiana township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, containing three and six acres and forty-eight perches, more or less, adjoining lands of Harmar Denny, James S. Woods and the Allegheny river, being part No. 42 in Cunningham's survey and plan of District No. 4 of depreciated lands, and being the same tract of land devised by the Hon. John Young to his daughters Elizabeth and Mary Jane, the wife of said Henry D. Foster, and which by certain proceedings in the District Court of Allegheny county in partition became vested in Henry D. Foster and Mary Jane, his wife, the parties aforesaid together with all and singular the improvements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in any wise appertaining, and the remainders, reservations, rents, issues and profits thereof.

ALSO, The estate, right, title, property, interest, claim and demand, whatsoever of them the said Henry D. Foster and Mary Jane, his wife, in law, or equity of in and to, or out of the same to have and to hold the same, together with the hereditaments and appertenances.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Henry D. Foster and Mary Jane, his wife, at the suit or William P. Johnston, guardian of the minor children of John T. Barclay, deceased, for use of Thos. J. Barclay.

SAMUEL B. CLULEY, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Nov. 1st, 1867.

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The Pittsburgh Gazette

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

THE COURTS.

Supreme Court.

FRIDAY, Nov. 1.—Present full bench.

Bowser vs. Cravener; Armstrong. Argument continued by Boggs and Golden for defendant in error and by Barclay contra.

Shaffer vs. Eakman; Armstrong. Argued by Boggs and Purviance for plaintiff in error and by Golden contra.

Shafton Coal Company's appeal; Westmoreland. Continued for argument at Philadelphia on the 8th of January next.

Hull vs. Campbell; Westmoreland. Argued by Foster for plaintiff in error.

United States District Court—Judge McCandless.

FRIDAY, Nov. 1.—Court met at the usual hour, and resumed the trial of the O'Hara bankruptcy case, which was concluded. Jury out.

United States vs. thirty-two barrels of whiskey unclaimed. Decree of forfeiture made.

United States vs. twenty-six and a quarter barrels of beer *et alia*, claimed by Hogle & Brothers. United States vs. forty-three and a quarter barrels of beer, claimed by same firm, and United States vs. Franklin S. Hogle and Michael Hogle (two cases). On motion of J. H. Baily, Esq., and on affidavits filed, these cases were continued until the next special term of this Court.

United States vs. twenty-seven barrels of whisky, owned by James W. Robinson, and three other cases against same defendant. Verdict in the civil actions for the respondent and defendant, and against the United States. Defendant discharged.

United States vs. one barrel of whisky, owned by Gideon Morrow. Continued on motion of respondent's counsel.

United States vs. twenty barrels of spirits, owned by John Barr. Continued on motion of District Attorney.

United States vs. John S. Markle, two cases. Continued on motion of District Attorney.

District Court—Judge Williams.

FRIDAY, November 1.—In the case of Robert Cheltham vs Hiram Fulton, the Court ordered a non-suit to be entered.

A. Torrence vs W. D. Hamilton. Defendant moves for a new trial, and files reasons.

Gibson A. Mundorf vs Samuel M. Wickersham. Non-suit ordered to be entered by the Court.

Henry M. Henderson vs Trauerman, Henderson & Marks. Verdict for plaintiff for $369,25.

In the case of J. B. O'Neil vs. D. O'Neil, action for damages, the plaintiff was called three times and not answering judgment of non-suit was entered.

Shafton Coal Company's appeal; Westmoreland. Continued for argument at Philadelphia on the 8th of January next.

Hull vs. Campbell; Westmoreland. Argued by Foster for plaintiff in error.

United States District Court—Judge Stowe.

FRIDAY, November 1.—Court met at the usual hour, ten o'clock.

CASE FINISHED.

In the cases of the Commonwealth vs. Michael Hogle and Commonwealth vs. Michael Hogle and Frank Hogle, indicted for assault and battery and aggravated assault and battery, on complaint of George Volmer and John S. Brown, the jury in the first case found a verdict of guilty, and in the second found the defendants guilty of assault and battery.

SCHOOL TEACHER PROSECUTED.

E. M. Stitt, Principal of the Second Ward School, Allegheny City, was indicted for assault and battery, on complaint of Abraham Nixon, who alleged that his son, Wm. Nixon, aged ten years, a pupil at the school, had been "corrected" by the defendant in an unnecessarily violent manner. It appeared from the evidence that the boy had been obstinate, while being instructed, and the defendant used a rattan in pushing him, striking him over the back a number of times, and other violence.

The Court charged the jury that before they could convict, they must believe the punishment was unnecessary, or the violence disproportionate. A teacher, inflicting corporal punishment upon a pupil, must exercise reasonable judgment and discretion, and must in no case go beyond the limit of moderate castigation, either in degree or mode, and within that limitation must be governed as to the manner and severity of the punishment by the nature of the offense and size and apparent powers of endurance of the pupil.

The jury found a verdict of not guilty, prosecutor and defendant each to pay one-half the costs.

ASSAULT AND BATTERY.

Edward Rodgers, a cripple, was tried for an assault and battery on Rachel Blackson. It appears that the prosecutrix, who is colored, was "engaged" with Kate O'Brien, a white woman, opposite defendant's place of business, and the offense consisted in striking Mrs. Blackson on the back with his crutch, in his endeavor, as contended by the defense, to separate the combatants. Verdict "not guilty, prosecutrix to pay the costs."

The jury in attendance were discharged, with the thanks of the Court for their prompt attendance. Another jury has been summoned for the 18th, and the intermediate time will be occupied by the Court in hearing the argument list.

Common Pleas—Judge Sellon.

FRIDAY, Nov. 1.—Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing Co. vs. R. H. Smith & Co. Verdict in favor of plaintiffs for $244.71.

Police Items.

ASSAULT.

Margaret Bradley yesterday made information before Alderman Taylor, against Frank Kirkpatrick, charging him with assault. She alleges that the defendant came to her dwelling, and while there quarrelled with her, and picked up a chair with which he threatened to strike her. A warrant was issued for his arrest.

MAINTAINING A NUISANCE.

Lawrence Degan yesterday made information before Alderman Taylor, against Mrs. Mellenry, charging her with maintaining a nuisance. It appears that the defendant in this case resides in a room directly over that occupied by the prosecutor, and that she is in the habit of throwing from a window over the door of prosecutor water and slops, which stand in a pool in front of the door, and which he alleges has become a nuisance. The parties reside in the Fifth ward. A warrant was issued for the arrest of the accused.

DISTURBING A CONCERT.

David Jones, whose arrest we noticed in yesterday's issue on a charge of larceny, preferred by R. H. Mirtz, had a hearing before Deputy Mayor Owston, yesterday, which resulted in his being held to bail for the appearance at Court, in default of which he was committed to jail.

ASSAULT AND BATTERY.

John Scott yesterday made information, before Alderman Strain, against Benjamin Trimble, Jr., charging him with assault and battery. The affray, we are informed, occurred at Trimble's Varieties on Thursday night. Trimble, it appears, made information before the Mayor, against Scott, for assault and battery, and the above is a cross suit. Trimble was arrested and held for a hearing.

Robert Brown, of Allegheny City, yesterday made information before Alderman Kerr, against Conrad Betz, charging him with assault and battery. He alleges that while walking past the corner of Second and Chestnut streets Betz assaulted and knocked him down with his fist. A warrant was issued for the arrest of the defendant.

AN ALDERMAN ASSAULTED.

Alderman James Donaldson yesterday made information before Mayor McCarthy, against James Merryman, charging him with disorderly conduct. He alleges that the accused came into his office and behaved himself in a disorderly manner, and when he attempted to put him out, he resisted and struck him with his fist. The defendant was arrested, and after a hearing was fined $25 and costs.

FALSE PRETENCE.

Dr. F. Harburger, of Allegheny, yesterday made information before Alderman Mullin, against Jacob Faulkman, for false pretence. He alleges that the defendant procured his professional services to the amount of thirty dollars, by representing that he owned property, which representation he says was false and fraudulent. A warrant was issued for the arrest of the defendant.

BREACH OF PROMISE.

Sophina N. Super yesterday made information before Alderman Mullin, against William Rost, charging him with seduction and breach of promise. She alleges that on the fourth of July last the defendant promised to marry her, which promise he now refuses to fulfill. A warrant was issued for his arrest. We would advise Rost to emigrate to Utah, at the earliest opportunity, as it would appear that the customs of that country would suit his inclinations better than ours, since this is the second information of this nature that has been made against him within the past week. Philomena Strant, a few days since, made information against him, charging the same offence, on which a warrant was issued for his arrest.

VAGRANTS COMMITTED.

Elizabeth Duffy and Caroline Withers were sent to jail for thirty days each, on a charge of vagrancy, by Alderman McMasters, who was acting Deputy Mayor for the day. He also dismissed four cases of disorderly conduct, for which the parties "went up" for thirty days.

FORCIBLE ENTRY.

Emma Malone brought suit before Alderman Thomas against Mary Lynch for forcible entry and detainer. The prosecutrix alleges that the defendant forcibly took possession of her room and unlawfully kept the same. A warrant was issued. The parties reside in Oakland township.

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS.

—The Tuscarawas (O.) *Chronicle* says: On last Saturday evening a terrible affray took place near the Exchange Hotel, in this place. It seems that Henry Congleton, of this town, struck George Grimm, a young man also residing in town, over the mouth with his fist, knocking his teeth loose. Shortly afterward Congleton was hit in the forehead with one-half of a brick, which crushed in his skull, making a fearful hole immediately over the right eye. The injured man was taken to his home, and Doctors Buel and Curry were called, who extracted seven or eight pieces of bone from the wound. Strange to say, at this writing, (Tuesday afternoon) Congleton is still alive, and there is a possibility of his recovery. Young Grimm, who is supposed to have thrown the brickbat, was arrested and is now in jail, awaiting the result of Congleton's injury. It is supposed whisky had a great deal to do with the fracas. A legal investigation will probably develope the facts, until which time we forbear further comment.

—The Hollidaysburg *Radical* says: "A man named Lowry, confined in the Huntingdon county jail on the charge of horse stealing, made his escape from that institution on Tuesday night of last week, by unlocking the door with his finger. On the night of his escape he stole a horse from the pasture field of William Morningstar, in Walker township, which he rode some distance up Woodcock Valley, where he exchanged it for a horse belonging to Mr. Wagon, and after riding it to Coffee Run, he turned it loose and took to the mountains. He hails from the Broad Top region, and it is supposed that he is lurking in that neighborhood.

—The Wilkesbarre *Record* says: A man named John Golden, working in the mines of the Wilkesbarre Coal and Iron Company, was severely injured last Saturday. After firing off a blast he climbed up to see the result, when some loose coal fell and knocked him down. Falling some nine feet, and breaking two ribs, his jaw bone, and the bridge of his nose.

—The mountains south and west of Wilkesbarre have been on fire for several days past, burning over a large scope of ground and filling the air with smoke for miles around.

—The stable of Dr. Corson in Norristown, Pa., was set on fire on Wednesday night, and some $300 worth of property destroyed. The perpetrator of the crime has been arrested.

—On Wednesday a tank of refined oil caught fire and exploded at Bennehoff Run. Some fifty barrels of oil were burned, and the loss is estimated at $800.

—Two barns were burned in Erie on Wednesday, loss about $2,000.

GENERAL NEWS.

—The Bostonians say "horse cars;" the New Yorkers say "street cars."

—Four opera companies are to appear in Boston this season—Maretzek's and Strakosch's Italian, Bateman's French, and Richings' English.

—A Texas editor, on being asked how he got along with his paper, said he had written one editorial and shot three men in the previous twelve months.

—Horace Greeley says he fell in love while he and the object of his adoration were eating Graham bread. Of course the demand for Graham bread will immediately be immense among young men and maidens.

—The laugh is on the Pan-Anglican bishops. They voted to have no reporters present at their meetings, and now they can't tell what they have done. One bishop alleges that one thing was done, and another roundly denies it.

—A woman in Redbridge, R. I., became the mother of two infants one day last week, and the following day two more were added to the family. The mother and four babes are doing well, but the father is threatened with insanity.

—A correspondent of the Springfield *Republican* has found a mate for the young lady who inquired at a book store for Dr. Holland's *Trichina*. He called at a well known publisher's in Maine, for Dr. Holland's *Bitter Sweet*, and was politely referred to the drug store across the way.

—The following was the strength and positions occupied by the Papal army at the end of September, viz: Rome had a garrison of 8255 men; Viterbo, 477; Rocaginone, 41 teacher, 1; Frosinone, 256; Velletri, 172; Comarca, 209; Vivoli; 163; Lenany, 94; Teracina, 70; Civita Cassellana, 60; Paliano, 80.

—Belle Boyd gave a reading at Lexington last Tuesday. As but forty persons attended, she looked unhappy, and said she thought the people fo Lexington had treated her very unkindly. She expected "a heartier reception from the home of John Morgan and other heroes who fought for Southern independence."

—The Congressional Republican Committee are almost daily receiving letters from the better educated colored men of the Southern States, affirming that they are in great fear of violence from the whites, and suggesting that they should be permitted to organize militia companies.

—Byrne's distillery and Myers & Co.'s rectifying house, two of the largest whisky establishments in Richmond, have been taken possession of by Gen. Mulford, Collector of Internal Revenue, for alleged violation of the internal revenue laws, and between two hundred and three hundred barrels of whisky were seized.

—A remarkable evidence of presence of mind was recently given in France. Monsieur J——was talking with his mother-in-law at her country chateau, when a streak of lightning almost literally reduced her to ashes. The domestics ran into the room, when, without moving a muscle, Monsieur J——said: "John, sweep up my mother-in-law." Filial love and a love of neatne s were never more happily blended.

—A clergyman going to a miserly old lady to beg for a worthy object, found himself refused on the ground of poverty. Feigning himself much interested in her story, he expressed great surprise thereat, and said, "I had not thought you in such want;" and then taking out some money he said, "there is something that will do for the present purpose; when I call again I will give you more." The old lady was so enraged that she gave him a good round sum to show that she did not mean that she was a panper.—*Church Monthly for October.*

—Funy things creep into religious meetings as well as elsewhere; for instance, at a meeting of one of our churches—of course thousands of miles from here—one of the brothers who had been absent for some time was called on to relate his experience. "Oh," said he, "since I last I met you, my brethren, my wife has *gone*"—at this point he broke down, and the encouraging class leader said, "Gone to glory, has she? Hallelujah!" and started singing, "We have had some friends before us gone," etc., when the forsaken brother interrupted him with, "No, that's not it—she's gone and runned off with another feller!"

—The Czar of Russia has lately presented to Eugenie a costly and beautiful cabinet, made by the first artists at St. Petersburg, as an acknowledgment of the magnificent hospitality with which he was received at the Tuileries. The flowers and fruit which decorate this cabinet are raised from the surface, and the stones of which they are made are chosen so that their lines may as nearly as possible counterfeit those of the originals. Thus the leaves and flowers of the jasmine and other plants, the fruit of the raspberry and blackberry, the currant and strawberry, are represented with a truth of coloring, and an apparent softness and transparency that baffles rival nature herself. They rest upon slabs of lapis lazuli and other precious marbles, separated from each other by delicate lines of twisted gold.

—The following circular has been extensively circulated throughout South Carolina, addressed to the most prominent citizens: SIR:—We respectfully invite you to co-operate with the Committee in securing the attendance of delegates to a meeting to be held in Charleston on Wednesday, at six o'clock, P. M., the 6th of November, to take into consideration the object named. To this end you are earnestly requested to send the ablest representative men in your district—say from two to ten in number—who you are assured will act harmoniously in behalf of the interest of the white citizens of South Carolina. A correspondence with influential public men at the North has satisfied us that a convention held here for the purpose of expressing the will of our intelligent and respectable people will be of inestimable benefit to the State, and the call, therefore, has been advisedly issued. The chief business to be done by the Convention will be to issue an address to the people of the State and country, expressive of our opposition to the policy which gives the negro the control of the ballot-box and jury-box, to memorialize Congress to reconsider the reconstruction bills and remove the existing obstacles to a full, free and harmonious expression of the intelligent public opinion of the people of the State, and to adopt such measures as will influence our citizens to oppose in a proper manner all schemes which are calculated to result in negro domination and the utter destruction of the best interests of the State.

JAMES G. GIBBES,
WM. WALLACE,
SAMUEL W. MELTON,
For the Committee.

Favorable answers have been received from almost every district, and full representation is expected.

Weather Report.

COLUMBUS.—Clear and cool.
CINCINNATI.—Clear and cool.
CHICAGO, ILL.—Clear and cold.
CLEVELAND, O.—Clear and cold.
FRANKLIN, PA.—Cloudy and cold.
HAVANA.—Weather superb.
INDIANAPOLIS.—Clear and frosty.
OIL CITY.—Cloudy and cold.
LOUISVILLE, KY.—Cloudy and cool.
MEMPHIS, TENN.—Clear and cool.
NEW ORLEANS.—Clear and pleasant.
WILMINGTON, N. C.—Clear and pleasant.

PH. R. MERTZ,
BANKER AND BROKER,
118 Wood St., near corner of Fifth.
Government Securities.
Gold, Silver,
And Coupons,
bought and sold on liberal terms. Drafts sold on all the principal cities of Europe.

CONVERSION OF 7-30's.
We are now prepared to convert the
SECOND AND THIRD SERIES 7-30's
INTO THE
New 1867 5-20 Gold Coupon Bonds.
JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,
Bankers in Government Securities,
Corner Fourth & Wood Streets.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.,
Bankers,
AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
Cor. Fourth and Smithfield Streets.
We will give holders of JUNE AND JULY 5-20's (1865) the difference in 7 3-10's per cent. to January 1st, and give them in exchange
5-20 BONDS OF 1867,
Interest IN GOLD at 6 per cent. from that date.
IRA B. McVAY & CO.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, November 1, 1867.

The uncertainty of the situation in Italy has kept the gold premium firm to-day from 140¾ to 140¾. The effects of the interest payments have not yet been felt very much in the market, since but comparatively few know that coupons were anticipated; it will take until the middle of next week before the aggregate payments will reach probably or sixteen million dollars, of which a considerable amount will remain in New York, and proceeds reinvested in bonds.

Government securities were firmer and higher to-day; Five Twenties of 1862, 1864 and 1865 Consols, and Seven Thirties all have advanced from ¼ to ⅜ per cent., but business is light. This sudden advance will stop investments, and unless money should become plentier, a reaction must take place soon.

The stock market is dull and lower for all shares, except the stocks of the Erie clique. Mining shares are dull but quotations unchanged. Money is still very scarce, but people are hopeful of seeing an early rise of the rivers and better times and a general revival of business.

Closing New York quotations received by Ph. R. Mertz, were as follows:

Gold, 141¾@ 141¾, 11:15 a. m. 142, 1862, 108¾; do, 1864, 106, 106¾; Consols, 1075⅛; 10-40's, 100⅝@ 100⅝.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh R. R.	92
Merchants Union Express	37
Western Union Telegraph	34⅝
Erie R. R.	75⅜
Pittsburgh Fort Wayne & Chicago R. R.	97
Northwestern Railroad—common	48
Northwestern Railroad—preferred	69¾
New York Central	113⅛
Ohio and Mississippi Certificates	26
Michigan Southern	75¾
Corydon	90
Quartz	1 25
Quicksilver	18

—We published yesterday a summary of the quarterly reports of the national banks of the United States. These institutions are 1,620 in number, of which about 400 are new banks and 1220 have been State banks and were reorganized under the national currency law. The aggregate capital of these banks is about four hundred and twenty millions their surplus amounts to sixty-six and a half millions, and their undivided profits to thirty three and a half millions. The amount which the banks hold of their own securities for circulating purposes is thus five hundred and twenty millions. In addition to this sum, the banks hold deposits to the amount of six hundred and seventy-six millions; of which twenty-seven millions were Government deposits, five hundred and thirty-seven millions were individual deposits. Their legal tender reserve amounts to one hundred and fifty-seven millions, of which one hundred millions are greenbacks, and compound interest notes nearly fifty-seven millions.

—A Boston, on Wednesday, the failure of a large dry goods house in Connecticut was reported. The liabilities are reported at $120,000, with assets estimated at $60,000. A considerable portion of the indebtedness is supposed to have accrued in the Provinces.

—The Supreme Court of New York has recently rendered two decisions of importance to dealers in stocks, of which the following is the substance:

The opinions together hold that where a banker or broker sells to his own name in the purchase and carrying of stocks for his employer the relation created is not that of pledger and pledgee, so as to require the broker to give notice of time and places of sale if he wishes to sell the stocks upon the customer failing to respond, but he may sell after demand of the money and a reasonable opportunity to the customer to pay it and without notifying the customer of the time or place of sale. On the contrary, the relation is that of broker and principal, and the customer does not become the owner of the stocks until he has paid for them, and until such time the parties may simply be considered special contractors with each other—a relation more resembling that of vendor and vendee than that of pledgor and pledgee.

—The officers of the First National Bank of Kingston, N. Y., which bank was somewhat embarrassed by the failure of its President, but which subsequently made arrangements to continue business, have notified to Comptroller of Currency of their intention to put the bank in liquidation. All the creditors will be fully paid, and the bank regularly wound up.

—In the recent letter of Mr. Jay Cooke, relative to the National banks, we find the following useful information respecting the number of broken National banks, as compared with that of solvent institutions:

"The number of National banks now in existence and in good standing is 1620, having an aggregate capital of $424,311,561. The number of National banks used as depositories of public money is 363, having a capital of $139,999,000. These depository banks had on deposit at Washington, July 1, 1867, as security for Government deposits with the Treasurer, United States, National Bank issues amounting to $99,188,450 to secure a total amount of Government deposits at that date of $29,724,695. The sum, therefore, in circulation of banking legal-tender notes held by the banks during the last fiscal quarter was $72,463,755. The National banks have on deposit at the National Treasury, to secure their circulation, six per cent. bonds amounting to $23,315,650 and five per cent. bonds amounting to $88,383,100, being a total of $340,709,950, with which to secure an aggregate circulation of $364,698,050. The National banks that have failed since the inauguration of the system are nine, having an aggregate capital of $1,600,000. Twenty-three other banks have voluntarily gone into liquidation, their aggregate capital being $3,360,000."

PITTSBURGH METAL AND BLOOM MARKET—WEEKLY REVIEW.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, November 1, 1867.

There has been a fair volume of business in metal this week, the transactions in the aggregate being fully up to the usual standard, and while the demand seems to be ample with the supply and prices are firm, there is no change to make in quotations. The demand for Foundry Irons is hardly so active, but the mills are buying as freely as could be expected under existing circumstances. Nothing would tend more to improve the iron business, than an early resumption of navigation.

ANTHRACITE.

40 tons	Neutral	$40 00—6 mos
120 "	Susquehanna	42 00— "
120 "	Grey Forge	40 00— cash
120 "	" "	41 00—5 mos
40 "	Hard	42 00— "
40 "	Red Short Forge	42 00— cash
42 "	No. 1 Foundry	38 00— cash
80 "	No. 1	44 00—4 mos
80 "	Neutral Forge—extra	44 00—4 mos
80 "	No. 1 Foundry	47 00—4 mos
80 "	No. 2 Forge	38 00—6 mos
20 "	White Iron	38 00—6 mos
20 "	No. 2 Foundry	44 00—4 mos

SITUMINOUS COAL SMELTED FROM LAKE SUPERIOR ORE.

195 tons	Mahoning Valley Forge	p. t.
65 "	" " No. 1 Fdry	46 50—4 mos
30 "	" " No. 2	45 00—4 mos
30 "	" low grade	40 00—4 mos
60 "	Grey Forge	42 00—4 mos
10 "	" (clay, brand)	45 00—4 mos
210 "	Grey Forge	40 50— cash
100 "	Medina Forge and Furnace	41 00—4 mos
100 "	Forge	41 00—4 mos
50 "	Medium Fore	42 00—4 mos
100 "	Forge, Natrop	41 00—4 mos

CHARCOAL.

50 tons	Cold Blast	$41 00—4 mos
25 "	Foundry, H. B	55 00—4 mos
15 "	"	53 00—4 mos
20 "	" C. B	57 00—4 mos

COKE.

200 tons Allegheny River Coke....$28 00— time

BLOOMS.

10 tons	No. 1 Juniata	100 00—4 mos
10 "	No. 2 "	98 00—4 mos
60 "	No. 1 "	98 00—4 mos
10 "	No. 1 "	100 00—30 d's

Cincinnati Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CINCINNATI, November 1.—Flour dull but unchanged; family $11.50@11.75. Wheat dull with no demand; No. 1 red $2.55, No. 1 spring $2.10, No. 2 nominal. Corn dull, but prices are unchanged; No. 1 mixed $1.00, car 75c for new and 90c for old. Oats easy and prices lower; No. 1 at 66c. Rye dull at $1.45. Barley unchanged; spring at $1.30@1.40, fall $1.55@1.65. Cotton dull with nothing doing; middling held at 27c. Tobacco unchanged, with a fair demand for leaf at previous prices; sales to-day of 93 hhds and 29 boxes. Whisky unchanged. New Mess Pork in good demand; sales of 1,200 bbls at $24.50@25, closing with no sellers below the latter rate. Bacon dull and prices nominal; there is a lot of Cincinnati long Shoulders in the market at 12½c, but cannot be sold. Lard dull at 12½c. Hogs dull, owing to the warm weather; sales at $6.25@6.80 for grass fats to weighy, the hogs now arriving are generally packed over half fatted as a rule, and very few fit to make Mess Pork. Butter unchanged and steady. Cheese steady at 12½@15c. Potatoes dull at $2.80@3.00 per bbl on arrival. Apples dull at $2@4 per bbl. Clover Seed in limited demand at $7.75 per 64 lbs. Timothy dull with small sales at $2.35. Flax dull at $2. Linseed Oil dull at $1.02. Petroleum dull at 50@52c for refined in bond. Lard oil unchanged from at par buying. Gold closed at 140¾ buying and 141 selling.

Chicago Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CHICAGO, Nov 1.—Flour dull and inactive. Wheat opened quiet, closed firmer and advanced 2 to 3c on No. 1 at $1.80@1.80, $1.79@1.82 for No. 2. Corn quiet at 81@82c for No. 2. Oats easier, at 53¼@54c in store; 56½c afloat, closing firm at the outside. Rye no higher, at $1.28@1.30 for No. 1; $1.24@1.27 for No. 2. Barley dull and lower, at $1.02@1.05 for No. 2. Mess pork $20 for new; $19.50 for old. Lard steady, at 12c. Receipts—8,000 bbls flour, 36,000 bu wheat, 76,000 bu corn, 82,000 bu oats. Shipments 18,400 bbls flour, 120,000 bu wheat, 22,000 bu corn, 118,000 bu oats. Freights dull, at 4½@4½c on oats to Buffalo; 13c on wheat to Oswego.

JAMES DALZELL & SON,

89 and 70 Water Street,

LARD OIL MANUFACTURERS,

And dealers in CRUDE, LUBRICATING and CARBON OILS.

We warrant our No. 1 Lard Oil equal to the best Cincinnati, or other brands, and propose to sell as low as Cincinnati or Chicago rates. Our No. 2 Lard Oil as a Lubricator cannot be excelled.

Rock Creek Lubricating and standard brands of Carbon Oil, constantly on hand.

Merchants and manufacturers will find it to their interest to give us a call before ordering Lard Oil from the West. 5:19.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, November 1, 1867.

The general markets continue rather dull, the demand for the leading commodities being restricted mainly to supplying the immediate wants of the home trade. There are no material changes in prices, however, though the tendency for almost everything seems to be downward.

GRAIN—Wheat is in good demand and steady but unchanged; sale of 1 car No. 1 Spring at $2.30, and 1 car prime White at $2.80. Prime Red Winter is still quoted at $2.50@2.60 in first hands, and $2.55@2.60 in store. Barley, in consequence of diminished arrivals, is a shade firmer but unchanged; sale of 1500 bushs prime Spring, in elevator, at $1.25. Oats steady, with sales, on track, at 65@66c, and in store, at 60@70c. Rye is selling at $1.60, on track, and $1.65, in store.

FLOUR—The market continues very dull, and there is but little prospect at present of any immediate improvement in the demand. We now quote as follows: $10.75@10.75 for Spring Wheat; $12.25@12.75 for Winter Wheat, and $14@15.50 for fancy brands. Rye Flour is selling in store, at $8.75@9.

POTATOES—The demand is fair, and notwithstanding the arrivals continue large, prices are pretty well sustained; sale of 2 cars Peach Blows, in bulk, at $1. Prime fresh New Jersey Sweets may be quoted at $4.50@4.75 per bbl.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is dull but unchanged at 11c for Shoulds s; 17@18c for Ribbed and Clear Sides, and 22@24c for Sugar Cured Hams. Lard is dull at 12c, and Mess Pork at $22.50@23.

APPLES—The arrivals continue large, and while the market is very dull, prices are without change, ranging from $2.50@3 per bbl. for fair to choice.

SEEDS—Flaxseed is in fair demand at $2.40, while Clover and Timothy are very dull—there seems to be no demand whatever.

BUTTER—Continues dull, with a supply considerably in excess of the demand, and even prime Roll moves slowly at 35c.

EGGS—Dull but unchanged; we quote at 27@30c, but the demand is light at these figures.

CRANBERRIES—Quiet and unchanged; sales at $10 per bbl for common, and $12@14.50 for cultivated.

CHESTNUTS—Quoted at $9@9.50 per bush. The Chestnut crop this year is reported as being a failure.

MILL FEED—Sale of 1 car Middling at $3.30 per cwt.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, November 1, 1867.

CRUDE—The market for crude appeared to be a little stronger to-day, especially for spot oil, the prospects for an early bulk rise being less favorable. There was but little done, however, the transactions in the aggregate being very meagre, and of an unimportant character. We can report sales of 164 bbls at 12½c bbls to be returned; 500, in tanks, at 12¾c; and 250 at 13c, all for immediate delivery. For first water and all the year, seller's option, we continue to quote, in the absence of sales, at 19¾@20c, with buyers at 19c. An Oil City telegram quotes the market very dull; offers to sell at $1.30@2.40, and no buyers.

REFINED—There was not a single operation in bonded oil to-day, at least there were none reported, and while the market is dull and weak, prices are without quotable change. We could use to quote nominally at 29½@30c for spot oil, and 33c for November. For the late month after delivering doing, and while there is but little offering, it is equally true that there is not much inquiry. As stated in our last report, the time and attention of the prominent operators in the east seems to be absorbed in settling up the October contracts preparatory to making a fresh start in November.

OIL SHIPPED EAST FROM DUQUESNE DEPOT.

Hutchinson Oil Co., 67 bbls refined to W. G Warden, Philadelphia.

Fleming & Co, 500 do do to L. Wilcox, Philadelphia.

Brooks, Ballentine & Co., 1 do do to W. G Warden, Philadelphia.

A. D. Miller, 1 do do to Waring, King & Co, Philadelphia.

Dudas & Williams, 58 do do to Waring, King & Co, Philadelphia.

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.—FOR OCTOBER.

1 car No. 21.

J. C. Kirkpatrick, 158 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Thaddeus Heald, 250 do do to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Forsyth Bro. & Co, 269 do do to W. G Warden, Philadelphia.

Nat. Ref. Co., 50 do do to Emil Schuh, Philadelphia.

Clark & Sumner, 342 do do to E. Schuh, Philadelphia.

J. C. Kirkpatrick, 54 do do to H. C. Holden, Philadelphia.

J. Dreyer & Co., 600 do do to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Dilworth Bro., 200 do do to F. A. Dilworth & Co., Philadelphia.

Moratzheimer, Koehler & Co., 250 do do, Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

New York Produce Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, November 1.—Cotton dull and ⅛c lower; sales 1,800 bales at 28c for middling uplands. Flour—receipts of 16,467 bbls, and 10@15c lower; sales of 10,500 bbls at $8.50@9.15; superfine state and western at $9.70@10.50, extra state $9.35@9.85; extra western $9.35@9.85; round Hoop Ohio $10@ $16.00. California flour dull and heavy; sales of 2,000 sacks at $11.50@12.50. Rye flour $7@7.90. Whiskey quiet at $2.34@2.35. Grain—receipts of 7,250 bbls and 16,000 bushels. Freights unchanged. Canal exports from the opening of navigation—flour, 12,000 bbls; wheat, 7,250 000 bus; corn, 13,750,000 bus; oats, 7,500,000 bus; barley, 1,500,000 bus; rye, 700,000 bus. Receipts by Lake and the Grand Trunk Railway, from January 1st to November 1st—flour, 1,150,000 bbls; grain of all kinds, 30,000,000 bus. Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat quiet and a shade weaker; sales of 2,300 bus Fort Washington at $2.90; 2,967,360 Manitowac Club at $2.66, 7,500 bus No. 2 Chicago at $1.98, 2 cars of amber Canada at $2.85, and 7,500 bus No. 1 Milwaukee $2.66. Corn dull and entirely nominal at $1.15@1.16 offered and refused for No. 2 Western, and sellers have generally withdrawn their samples; sales of 11,000 bus of mixed old and new Toledo at $1.13. Oats in fair enquiry; sales of 12,000 bus western at 74c, and 20,000 do at 65c in store. Rye nominal. Rye unchanged. Mess Pork dull at $23@22.25 for navy. Lard dull at 12½c. Highwines nominal.

Cleveland Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CLEVELAND, November 1.—Flour quiet for city trade and heavy for country brands, but prices are unchanged. Wheat is dull and nominal with scarcely enough doing to establish prices; the demand is only for car lots from interior; No. 1 red winter is scarce and held at $2.55, but buyers refuse to pay those figures. Corn is dull and lower; No. 1 for November delivery at $1.10, and No. 2 on the spot at the same price. Oats are dull and nominally offered at 67@68c for No 1 state. Rye quiet and nominally unchanged at $1.40@1.45 for No. 1 State and western from store. Barley dull; No 1 held at $1.30 @1.35; No. 2 at $1.20@1.25. Petroleum is dull and refined lower; standard white in bond at 27@28c; do free at 47@48c.

New Orleans Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW ORLEANS, November 1.—Sugar 11½c for common Louisiana. Molasses is irregular, at 65@90c for prime. Flour quiet and steady; superfine $10.25. Corn dull at 90c small miles. Oats dull at 80c. Pork dull. Bacon dull; shoulders at 14½c; clear sides 18½c. Lard declined ½c. Sterling Exchange 9½@ Gold 140@140¾.

Louisville Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

LOUISVILLE, November 1.—Sales of 121 hhds Tobacco—the first sale of the new crop—at full prices. Flour unchanged; sales 425 barrels at $9.50; sales of the year 41,062 bbls. Wheat firm at $2.35@2.60. Corn dull; shelled in bulk 81. Oats quotations $2.25; cuttings $28.50; sales of the year 81